

The Wedding
Sells Ring Out

JOHN,
MONEY!

WHAT,
AGAIN?

COME,
COME

1-2-3-
4-5-6-
7-

I WILL COUNT
IT

I'LL NEED
EVERY BIT
OF IT

War-Time Revolution

By Jean Knott

THIS IS A
GREAT GAME.
COUNT ME
OUT

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

Circulation Biggest Ever

The circulation of the Daily Post-Dispatch in St. Louis compared season by season is greater than ever before in the history of this newspaper. This is also true of the Sunday Post-Dispatch. "Circulation books open to all." "First in Everything."

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FRENCH EVACUATE NOYON; ALLIED LINE HOLDS

SENATORS PLEAD FOR SPEEDING UP WAR PRODUCTION

"Six Golden Months Already Wasted," Says Lodge, Denouncing Delays.

AIRPLANE OUTPUT CITED

"Only 37 Combat Machines by July," and "Scandal to Whole World," Among Remarks.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Stirred by the menace of the German offensive, the Senate today's debate almost entirely on subjects connected with the war and heard Senator Lodge of Massachusetts deliver a denunciation of the delays which have prevented greater forces from the United States being placed beside those of the allies in the critical hour.

An impassioned plea for speeding up production, especially of coal, was made by Senator Thomas of Colorado, who declared the German forces are "thundering at the gates of Paris," and that the country should be "aroused to the peril that confronts us."

"The situation at this time," said he, "is graver perhaps than at any time in our history. We need every resource—to tell them we are coming 1,000,000 strong, with our treasure, our coal, our ships and our food."

Senator Thomas attacked the fuel administration's orders reducing prices for coal which, he said, will cut down production and "result in disaster."

For Telling All the Facts. Compulsory military training was advocated by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who urged adoption of the amendment to the draft law introduced by Senator New of Indiana, providing for the training of boys between the ages of 18 and 21 years.

Senator Lodge characterized the situation now confronting this country as "terrible" and urged that the American people be told the truth. "The fate of this war is trembling in the balance," Senator Lodge declared. "Our gallant allies are holding back the Germans with sacrifices and courage that goes past ecology. In this dark hour it is a crime to keep from the people the facts that Germany herself knows."

"It has been known for weeks," Senator Lodge declared, "that we have no fighting planes in France. Our front is undefended in the air," he said. "The French and British have used every plane they can bring up and our men are not defended. We've no guns in France except a few old coast guns. That's the hard fact."

"Six months wasted while we were trying to improve the French 75-millimeter gun, the best in the world. And now we have no guns and have gone back to the French plan—six golden months wasted."

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska said airplane manufacturers were "over-optimistic" at first and as a result plans were made for the manufacture of more than they were able to produce. As a result, he said, the estimates of the number of airplanes to be produced have gradually been reduced so that the number that will be produced by July 1, is only about one-tenth of the number originally planned. Senator Hitchcock said he did not feel at liberty to reveal the number now produced, but declared it "ridiculously small."

The Liberty Motor, he added, might only be used in bombing planes, but he declared it was not fair to say that America has abandoned the production of combat planes. France, he said, has reached a limit and cannot deliver any combat planes to the American army.

Air Output Said to Be Small. Senator Poinsett of Washington declared he knew the Aircraft Production Board had abandoned plans for fighting planes. Production of combat planes has not stopped, if it ever began, said Senator Poinsett.

"When the fate of a nation is determined, when defeat stares us in the face," he cried, "it's a great satisfaction to know that we're only behind the schedule. What's the matter with the schedule?"

6 MUSTARD GAS SHELLS A MINUTE FALL ON U. S. LINE

Germans Bombard Certain Sector of Toul Front Without Success.

AMERICAN GUNS REPLY

Artillery Demolishes Segments of German Front Line and Other Points.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, March 25 (By A. P.).—The American positions on a certain part of the Toul front were bombarded with mustard gas shells at the rate of six a minute last night, but ineffectively. The American artillery replied with a heavy fire and demolished segments of the German front lines and other points.

A German airplane flew over the American lines during the night and dropped a shell which did not explode, but dug a deep hole. At noon today a French airplane brought down a German machine opposite the American trenches.

American observers have seen activity behind the enemy line. Many horses, vehicles and bicycles are moving along the roads.

The usual patrols were active during the night and an American party found a camouflage suit abandoned by a German sniper.

American gunners have bombarded the mouth of a tunnel inside the German lines and an observation post recently discovered.

Pershing Wants Exchange of War Decorations Authorized. WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Upon the recommendation of the War Department, Chairman Chamberlain of the Senate Military Committee today introduced a resolution to permit American military and naval forces to accept decorations from allied governments.

The recommendation, made at the request of Gen. Pershing, suggested that the United States, in turn, might bestow honors on British and French soldiers. Such action would do much to promote closer relations with our allies, it was said.

"Service of our troops with France has already resulted in a number of cases of individual gallantry," Gen. Pershing said. "Some of these have been rewarded by citations in orders by French and by award of the Croix de Guerre, which our soldiers are unable to accept officially. Such recognition is a very powerful incentive to gallantry in action."

Numbers of our men won the Croix de Guerre in previous service under the French, and are not permitted to wear it since entering the army. Both French and British governments would permit their troops to wear our campaign badges and would accept our decorations. There seems no good reason why we should not be empowered to bestow decorations on French and British entitled to them, especially when serving alongside of our troops, and we should accept theirs.

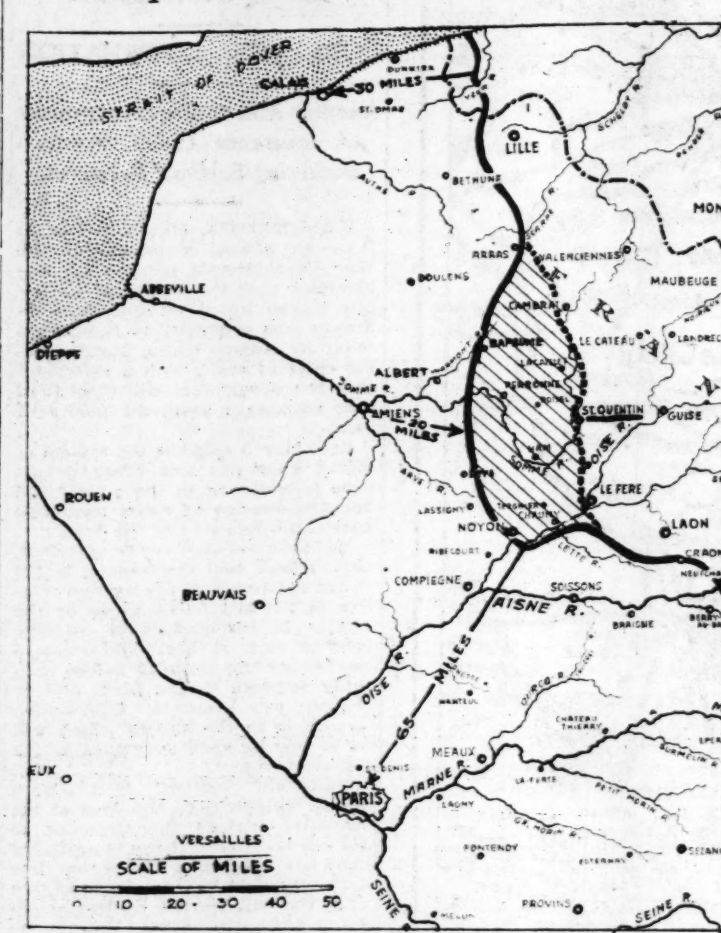
"Decorations carefully bestowed would contribute to good feeling and closer relations with our allies."

BOLSHIEVSKI AND GERMANS REPORTED FIGHTING IN UKRAINE. LONDON, March 16 (By A. P.).—Resumption of fighting in Ukraine between the Germans and the Bolsheviks is reported in a Reuters dispatch from Petrograd.

The Bolsheviks are said to have recaptured the city of Kherson.

UNSETTLED, PROBABLY WITH SHOWERS, AND COOLER. THE TEMPERATURES.

Map of the Greater Battlefield



"The front" is shown by a heavy black line. The shaded portion of the map is the region where the battle has raged since last Thursday. A glance shows the relation of this field to Compiègne, Paris, Albert and the channel coast all discussed as possible intermediate or ultimate German objectives.

British Miners to Help Recruiting to Fill Gaps in France

LONDON, March 26. To fill the gaps caused by the German advance in France, the authorities have decided to place the recruiting machinery in motion again throughout the country.

In order to assist the Government, the miners have placed the organization of their unions at the disposal of the recruiting officers.

Surprises Yet in Store for Enemy, Says German Paper

ROTTERDAM, March 25 (Special Cable). GEN. ARDENNE, in the Dusseldorfer Nachrichten, says: "Although the further measures of our leaders may not be discussed, it may be regarded as certain that a number of surprises is yet in store for the enemy."

UNION CLERKS TO MEET EMPLOYERS TODAY

Department Stores' Plan to Settle Strike Includes Reinstatement of Former Workers.

Department stores affected by the strike of union retail clerks have proposed a basis for settlement of the strike, which is now entering its fifth week, in which the stores agree not to discriminate against the striking employees in the future and will reinstate all except a few who have committed overt acts against the stores.

The striking clerks received the proposal at their meeting yesterday and a conference with the Associated Retailers, with which the stores are affiliated, has been arranged for 2 o'clock this afternoon in the office of the retailers in the Equitable Building.

Charles J. Lammett, president of the Building Trades Council, who will be one of the union's representatives at the conference, said to a Post-Dispatch reporter he believed the strike would be settled today. H. J. Conway of Lafayette, Ind., secretary-treasurer of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, who also will attend the conference, stated that he believed an agreement would be reached, since the stores had presented a basis for settlement.

The proposition on which the stores hope to base a settlement of the strike is as follows: "With reference to our former employees who left our service on Feb. 25, 1918, we are willing to treat with them as follows: "1. We will take back without prejudice all employees who were formerly on our payrolls as per above date, with the exception of those few who have committed overt acts on account of which we cannot reinstate them."

"2. We will re-employ such employees at no less salary than they received in their former positions. "3. We will not discriminate against any such employees now or in the future and shall accord them all consideration in the same manner as all other employees now in our service as their ability and interest may warrant."

"4. It is unnecessary for us to make any statement as to the fair and impartial dealings that those connected with our various organizations have received from us in the past, as this is too well known to you for any further comment."

The clerks will be represented at the conference by Lammett, Conway, Joseph Woracek, president of the Central Trades and Labor Union; J. M. Miller, president of the local clerks' union, No. 80, and several striking employees.

Melville L. Wilkinson, president of the Associated Retailers, declined to comment.

Crisis in German Drive Will Be Reached in 48 Hours, Simonds Says

Teutons Must Break Through or Pause—Allies Have Not Yet Used Reserves and Are in Good Positions, Military Critic Says.

By FRANK H. SIMONDS
The Post-Dispatch Military Critic—Author of "The Great War."

The great German offensive has not been checked. There has been a material slowing down on all sectors, but only along the middle Somme, between Peronne and the big bend of the river north of Nesle, has there been any indication of a distinct pause in the fighting and of successful counter-offensives on the part of the British.

North and south of this stretch of river the Germans are beginning to drive the deep wedges into the allied line by the capture of Comblès and of Bapaume to the north and of Nesle to the south.

Measured by all past history of great offensives in the west, the supreme crisis of this, the greatest of all, is at hand. Within the next 48 hours the Germans either will win the great victory and break through the British armies or they will be compelled to pause while their heavy guns and munitions are brought up.

As it stands in the German report of Monday afternoon, the northern wing of the German army has entered upon the old battlefield of the Somme and is advancing toward the crest of the famous "Ridge," which was the scene of all the great fighting of the battle of the Somme from July to September, 1916. On this front the German advance from the outset has been far slower than to the south and Haig reports counter attacks here which temporarily held up the German advance.

Further to the south the situation is more obscure, but it is clear that the French have entered into line and are holding the high ground before Noyon and northward toward the Somme. Here there has been a very marked withdrawal of the allied line, which sooner or later must affect the French position on the other side of the Oise and compel a withdrawal behind the Ailette to conform to the retreat to the north-west.

(Note.—Written without knowledge of the French evacuation of Noyon and retirement to the left bank of the Oise.)

German Attack Not Spent. In sum, the British army, with its French supporters to the south, is still swinging back; the tremendous impact of the first assaults has not yet been exhausted and the German troops are still taking ground of tactical importance and moving forward, except at the center, behind the Somme, which is here a serious military obstacle for some twenty miles. But if the Germans are not likely to drive the allies out of their position by frontal attacks, their advances both to the north and to the south threaten to turn the British center out of this, the strongest natural obstacle along the whole battlefield.

MAN, 71, IS GIVEN 2 YEARS FOR FORGING CHECK FOR \$6.50

Court Reluctant to Sentence Feeble Prisoner—Had Previously Been Convicted of Same Offense.

William Hoch, 71 years old, and so feeble that he had to be assisted into court by a Deputy Sheriff, was sentenced by Judge Falkenhainer today to two years in the penitentiary, on his plea of guilty of forgery.

Hoch, on Feb. 21, forged a check for \$6.50 and passed it on George S. Tourville, proprietor of a book store at 12 North Fourth street. Judge Falkenhainer was reluctant to give the aged prisoner what would probably be a death sentence, but two years is the minimum for the offense, and it appeared from Hoch's record that he had served three terms for the same offense and the best that he felt he could do was to give Hoch the minimum sentence, with credit for the time that he has spent in jail.

U. S. PATROL BOAT HITS ROCK AND SINKS; CREW SAFE

Vessel Strikes Ledge Off Gurnet Lighthouse on Way to Plymouth. WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—A naval patrol vessel, the Admiral, ran on the rocks off Scituate, Mass., last night, and is a total loss. The Navy Department today was advised. All officers and crew were saved, and considerable small material was taken off.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., March 26 (By A. P.).—While proceeding on this port during a heavy fog early today a Government patrol boat struck a ledge off the Gurnet Lighthouse and went to the bottom, after all hands had been taken off by coast-guard crews from South Shore Stations. There were 26 men in the crew, and all were landed safely.

U. S. SEAMAN KILLED BY SUBMARINE GUNFIRE

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—The Navy Department today reported that Allen Seth Edwards, a seaman of Augusta, Ga., had been killed by submarine gunfire in foreign waters.

No details were given and no date. Two casualties resulting from accidents were reported. They are: Bernard Coleman, seaman, died March 22 aboard the U. S. S. Texas as the result of a skull fracture received when struck by a box of stores as he was climbing a ladder on the ship. His father's address is New York City.

Clarence Arthur Nelson, machinist's mate, was killed in Italy in a fall from a flying boat. His home was at Crosby, Minn.

QUICK BETTERMENT OF THE DEFENDERS' POSITIONS INDICATED

Correspondent at British Headquarters Cables "Important Events Will Be Recorded in a Few Hours."

GERMANS FIGHTING AGAINST TIME; RESERVES REDUCED

British in New Positions East of Roye and Albert—Von Hindenburg Continues His Attacks With Greatest Violence on French Sector Between Noyon and Chaumes

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, March 26 (By A. P.).—There is reason to believe important events will be recorded within the next few hours which may lead to a betterment of the position of the armies which are stemming the German onslaught.

The enemy is fighting desperately hard against time. On the first day his reserves were reduced to 52 divisions. At the end of the second day some 40 divisions from the reserves had been put in.

A heavy German attack yesterday about Ervillers (near Bapaume) was completely smashed by the British artillery fire. The withdrawal was not due to pressure against this sector of the line.

Reports from all along the front indicate that the Germans' loss of life yesterday was heavy. The enemy advanced against allied gunners, who were firing with open sights.

Last night British airmen took heavy toll from the German infantry in Bapaume. No official figures are at hand, but from compilations made personally the correspondent is convinced that at least 130 German airplanes have been brought down in the last five days.

During the night there was comparatively little change in the line. No heavy attack this morning had been reported up to 10 o'clock. The British were still holding the enemy strongly about halfway between Comblès and Albert. Further north some gains were achieved by the assaulting troops.

The British during the night fell back somewhat from the line through Ervillers and Sapignies in order to straighten the front, which bulged inward just to the south.

The fighting yesterday continued with more or less intensity along the whole line. The Germans pushed hard in the neighborhood of Fonches, Chaumes, Estrees, Dompierre, Mericourt, Miraumont, Achiet-Le-Grand, Saingnies and Ervillers. Heavy fighting occurred about Grevillers, and a desperate conflict was waged in the vicinity of Nesle, which the Germans now hold.

A further massing of German troops was reported at Peronne and north of Bapaume, both of which the enemy holds. Bapaume was turned into an inferno by squadrons of British aviators. Their bombs tore to pieces whatever was left of the place. The work of the British airmen since the beginning of the battle has been one of the brightest pages. Bitter battles in the air have been fought by scores of aviators, and the service has proved fully its ability to smother the German airmen at a crucial time.

PARIS, March 26 (By A. P.).—The battle continues with the greatest violence and the Germans are making still greater efforts along the whole front between Noyon and Chaumes, the War Office announces.

Noyon was evacuated by the French during the night. The left bank of the Oise is being held firmly by the French.

The statement follows: "The battle continues with violence. During last evening and in the night the enemy multiplied his attacks on the whole front between Noyon and Chaumes. The French artillery, well established in the region of Noyon and supported effectively by our infantry, is retarding the German thrust. Frequent counter-attacks have been made and heavy losses inflicted on the enemy. "Noyon was evacuated during the night in perfect order. The French are holding the left bank of the Oise firmly."

British Take Up New Positions East of Roye and Albert; Hard Fighting to Come

LONDON, March 26 (By A. P.).—The fighting died down during the night, the War Office reports. The British have estab-

Great German Offensive Is Missing Its Mark, Repington Says

lished themselves in new positions east of Roye and Albert. The Germans this morning began new attacks against the combined French and British forces south of the Somme. The German losses have been so great that the enemy has been obliged to bring up reinforcements from all parts of the western front. The War Office has established the fact that more than 70 German divisions (in the neighborhood of 840,000 men) have been engaged.

The statement follows:

"The fighting died down during the night. Our troops established themselves on new positions east of Roye and Albert. North of the Somme continuation of the fighting is expected, but it has not yet developed. Attacks are reported to be developing this morning south of the Somme against our troops and those of the French in the neighborhood of Roye and Chaulnes. The enemy's losses continue to be severe. He has been obliged to reinforce his battle front from all parts of the western theater. Over 70 hostile divisions are known to have been engaged in the battle."

The tenacity of the British resistance, the prisoners say, exceeded anything the Germans deemed possible. They complain of great privations on account of lack of supplies, and extreme weariness also is telling heavily. Owing to the dense masses of supporting troops, however, the enemy is able to replenish his forward line with fresh units. The weather remains dry, thus favoring the enemy.

—Exacting the heaviest toll for every foot of ground, the British line continues to withdraw slowly before the pressure of the German masses. Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters wires.

Over a large part of the battle zone the retirement is being made voluntarily so as to maintain an unbroken front. Prisoners say the advance of the Germans is behind their schedule.

Yesterday was the supreme day for the British gunners, says the correspondent. Attacking from north of Erville to the point of British contact with the French, the Germans were held up nearly everywhere by the ceaseless intensity of the British artillery fire.

Masses of enemy troops, which, coming forward in waves, again and again attempted to reach their objectives, met with the same fate as the Old Guard at Waterloo. Only near Epignoy did they succeed in bending the British front. It was to conform to the front with this indentation that the British fell back during the night, straightening the line.

Haig Admits Heavy Losses of Material; Says Troops Are Tired, but in Good Heart

LONDON, March 26 (By A. P.).—The official report from Field Marshal Haig Monday night was as follows:

"During the morning of March 25 our troops on the front from the Somme as far north as Valenciennes had beaten off continuous and heavy attacks with complete success. Heavy losses have been inflicted on the enemy by our artillery and machine guns, whilst our low-flying airplanes repeatedly attacked the enemy's advancing columns further to the rear. A heavy attack delivered by fresh enemy troops in the afternoon enabled them to make progress west and southwest of Bapaume, in the direction of Courcellette. South of Peronne, our troops have been pressed back in several places slightly west of the Somme, while further south the enemy has succeeded in making some progress and has captured Nesle and Guiscard. French reinforcements are arriving in this neighborhood.

"Losses in Material Heavy. Our troops, although tired, are in good heart and are fighting splendidly, and the enemy is only progressing at the cost of heavy sacrifices. Our losses in material have been heavy, and include a certain number of tanks."

A supplementary statement said:

"Fighting of the most severe description has been taking place all day on wide fronts south of Peronne and south and north of Bapaume. In both sectors the enemy has attacked our positions in great strength with fresh forces, and in spite of the gallant resistance of our troops, has forced us to give ground. German troops are in Nesle and Bapaume. Heavy fighting continues."

Airmen Attack Cologne. The official statement on aerial operations was as follows:

"During the night (Sunday) one of the enemy's large bombing machines landed behind our lines. Following a successful daylight raid on Mannheim, other objectives in Germany were attacked in tremendous numbers. Half a ton of bombs were dropped on the railway station at Cologne, where a fire was started. Over a ton of bombs were distributed between the Luxembourg railroad station, where a fire broke out, and the Courcelles railway station, east of Metz. Two tons of bombs were dropped on the Metz railway station."

"The fighting was the most severe so far experienced. Our airplanes shot down 45 enemy machines and

"Our Troops Fighting Way Forward," Says Berlin; British in Old Somme Positions

BERLIN, via London, March 26 (By A. P.).—Between the Somme and the Oise," says the official report from headquarters Monday night "our troops are fighting their way forward."

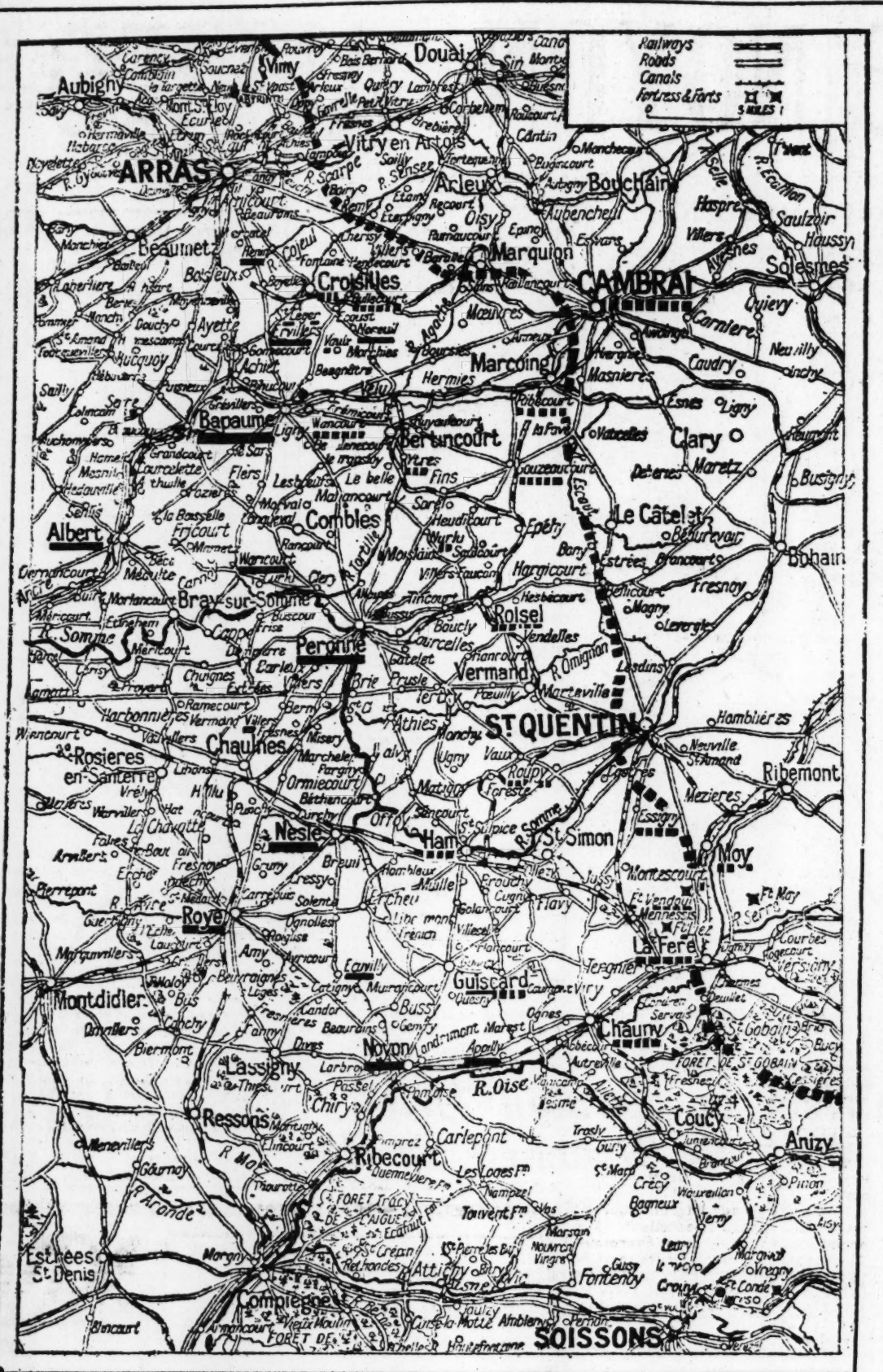
"There was hard fighting between Bapaume and Peronne. We drove the enemy back here to his old positions, which were held between the Aisne and the Somme before the beginning of the Somme battle in 1916."

The text of the statement issued yesterday afternoon was as follows:

"Crown Prince Rupprecht has, with the armies of Gen. von Below and Gen. von Dermer, again defeated the enemy in a tremendous struggle near Bapaume, while the corps of Gen. von Dermer, Gen. Lindequist and Gen. Kuehne broke through the strong positions of the enemy to the northwest of Bapaume."

"In bitter fighting the troops of Gen. Gruenert and Gen. Stahlg coming from the east and southeast drove the enemy back to Ypres and Salmy. The stubborn enemy resistance, which had been reinforced with fresh troops, was broken in a violent battle. Freshly brought up divisions and numerous tanks threw

Progressive Map of the Great Battlefield



For the reader's convenience, in following the broken lines. The heavy black line indicates the course of the fighting, the towns and villages mentioned in today's dispatches are underscored in black. The places mentioned in the earlier days of the offensive are underscored with black and white

fended positions. On the west bank of the canal, in hot fighting, British, French and American troops were thrown back through the pathless wooded country via La Neuville and Villers-aux-Bois. The French continued yesterday and French infantry and cavalry divisions which were brought forward for a counter thrust were thrown back with sanguinary losses. The relentless pursuit by Gen. von Conta and Gen. von Geyser, after the retreating enemy, Guiscard and Chauny were captured."

There is a Sally just to the south of Bapaume and three miles to the east of Salmy there is a town called Ytres. It may be that these are the two places referred to in the German statement.

CRISIS IN GERMAN DRIVE WILL BE REACHED IN 48 HOURS

Continued From Page One.

5000 on the third. The jump to 15,000 on Sunday indicates that in their forced retreat from the front between the Oise and the Somme, between Nesle and Chauny, where the French have now intervened, the British again had to abandon their wounded.

In a similar period of days in the victory over the Italians the Germans claimed more than 100,000 prisoners, while even at Verdun they claimed 40,000 in the first few days. The British and French in their combined areas in the Aisne offensive a year ago took a round 45,000 prisoners and nearly 500 guns in the first few days.

As it stands now the Germans have advanced almost across the devastated district of their great retreat of a year ago. They have behind them now only a few roads and practically no railways. The task of bringing up their heavy guns and munitions, without which they cannot get on, must be tremendous. The British, on the other hand, are nearly but not quite back on their old front of the Somme, and thus have the advantage of all the communications constructed for that offensive of nearly two years ago.

Not only have the Germans to bring up their heavy artillery, but they have to register upon the new British gun positions. They are

SENATE TOLD WHY CASUALTY LISTS BEAR NAMES ONLY

Maj.-Gen. March Presents War Department's Reasons for Leaving Out Addresses.

CUTS OFF INFORMATION

Another Aim to Prevent Swarms of Insurance Claim Agents Bothering Soldiers' Relatives.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—An official statement of the War Department's reasons for announcing only the names of American troops killed or wounded in France was submitted to the Senate today by Major-General March, acting chief of staff, with a statement that the department considers it of best advantage from all points of view.

Gen. March said the old system of giving addresses and other details gave information to the enemy and brought swarms of claim agents to harass the relatives of the men.

The policy of the War Department, Gen. March told the Senate, is "to put in the hands of the nearest relative or the last friend given by the soldier in his emergency address, prompt and accurate information concerning the casualty before anything is given to the press and to prevent any accurate information appearing in the papers which will be of any possible assistance to the German cause."

"The old system," Gen. March added, "which gave the date of the casualty, enabled the Germans to get exactly what effect was produced upon our troops in a raid of that date and you would be interested to know that the publication of the emergency addresses brought down upon the relatives a swarm of claim agents who guaranteed they would get from the Government the sum of \$10,000 in insurance which is guaranteed by laws to the proper interior."

Poor People Yield to Proposals. "In spite of the fact that the department has in each case advised the nearest relatives that their claims will be adjusted by the Government, numbers of poor people have yielded to the importunities of these agents. The raids which are being conducted along our front are for the purpose of capturing one soldier, if possible, with the object of obtaining from him information about the organization which is opposed to the German line at this point. With the publication of the address of the nearest relative the German agent in the United States approaches the relatives and obtains from them the information which Germany is attempting to obtain from our front by attacks on our forces. In France they publish no casualty lists and the information reaches the relatives from the Mayor or Prefect of the town where the relatives live."

New System Indorsed. "The department is in receipt of letters from men of high standing in the country who have sons abroad, protesting vigorously against any change in the new system and demanding that no information shall be given to the press which could be of assistance to the Germans confronting their soldiers in France. It has developed also, according to an official communication from the Red Cross, that the relatives of men who are killed in France are made victims of the most abominable and unscrupulous exploitation for money, exacting their grief the object of exploitation by notoriety seekers."

"The whole matter of a change in our former method in publishing casualty lists was brought up by cablegram from Gen. Pershing, in which he stated that representatives of the French Government had formally protested against the methods then used. The specific case to which he referred was a statement given out in the United States officially which permitted the Germans to know definitely the effect of gas shells on a certain date. The whole subject was then thoroughly studied and the decision reached to adopt the policy which is the subject of your communication."

asking a fair price."

At this point Senator Overman of North Carolina, Democrat, urged Senator Poinsett to desist, saying such remarks only distress the American people, adding that it was a time when men should work together.

Senator Poinsett retorted that if conditions were such as had been represented, it was the duty of every person to see that they were corrected.

"Is the Senator here to criticize the administration because of the mistakes of some of the men it has appointed?" demanded Senator Overman. "I ask, is this the proper time to discourage the American people? I think we ought to correct these mistakes but they ought to be corrected in a proper way."

Constructive criticism, Senator Poinsett insisted, was proper, and that "it is necessary to call the attention of the people to this mysterious blight" on the war program.

After more than two hours' discussion, the Senate resumed consideration of the War Department bill amending the draft law to require registration of youths attaining 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, including Senator New's compulsory military service amendment for training youths between 19 and 21 years.

"Teutons Gain in 2 Days Half Distance They Had Set Out to Gain," He Declares

Steady Defense of British and Counter Attacks Prevent Enemy From Gaining Strategic Success, Military Critic Says.

By Lieut.-Col. C. A. Repington,

Former military critic of the London Times whose stirring articles in the early part of the war on the shortage of high-explosive shells resulted in a revolution in the methods of munitioning the English army at the front.

LONDON, March 26.—The greatest battle of the war pursued its course in the only manner which could have been expected under the conditions in which the rival combatants conducted their attack and defense.

The Germans had the initiative, the selection of the point of attack and the assurance that if they used their great forces with the utmost energy and with a reckless disregard of losses, they would penetrate the first line of the British defenses as we have penetrated the German lines on many occasions.

We, on the other hand, standing on the offensive and with far inferior military resources, could only at making the enemy pay the heaviest possible price for every yard of British ground he gained and at retaining an unbroken line as we fell back upon positions in our rear where our reserves would be ready to succor the first line troops. These consequences, inherent in the conditions under which the respective Governments placed their armies, followed as the respective commanders must have expected them to follow.

With immense means at their disposal—means the full extent of which has not yet been disclosed—the German Higher Command attacked our third and part of our fifth armies on a front of 50 miles, from the Oise to the Senne stream, and after suffering losses of probably unexampled severity, gained an average of four miles ground on the days of March 21 and 22.

Missed Their Mark. Their objectives for the first day are believed to have been Peronne and Bapaume and in general they gained only in the two days half the distance they set out to gain in one day. The heroic tenacity of our troops, despite the prodigious deployment of the hostile forces, held up the attacks as a whole and caused the enemy to suffer such losses that many, if not most of the German divisions first engaged must have been shattered and compelled to withdraw.

The German line on the night of the 23d ran from south to north through Savy, Villers Faucon, Gouzeaucourt, Beaumont, Morchies, Vauxvaucourt, and along the whole of this front the fighting was of the most sustained and severe character, but on the old Cambrai battlefield from Villersguislain to the canal Du Nord south of Mouscron a serious break took place, and it was no doubt hoped by the enemy that his rapid successes to the right and left of this sector would enclose the defenders of the salient and make a prize of them.

This result was averted first by the steady defense of the troops holding the lines to the north and south, secondly by the British counter-attacks delivered and finally by a timely withdrawal from the salient to maintain the general alignment of our armies in their orderly retirement.

That the enemy gained tactical success is an indisputable fact, but the fact that following up our troops his advanced forces may be further west than the line gained by the night of the 22d.

The most dangerous attack on the morning of the 21st was that launched from the Queant region, which had reached its objective, Bapaume, where it had more than technical importance. Brave defense and heavy counter-attacks prevented such evil consequences, and enabled the armies to retain their alignment in the retirement.

The bitter-attack referred to in the German reports, namely, that launched between Royel and Ephechy, must have been an important contributing cause to the success of the German advance. The fenders of Ephechy heights after their positions had been turned to the north and south and almost surrounded.

Far from having failed, as the German reports allege, these counter-attacks seem on the contrary to have been completely successful in their object. An essential feature of these two days of fighting was that after causing the enemy immense loss our troops retired from their positions in an orderly manner, retaining their general line of battle and neither depressed in spirit nor placed at a disadvantage by an excessive loss of material.

Loss of Guns No Blow. The number of British prisoners claimed by the Germans is far inferior to that which we should have supposed would have been left wounded on the field in such severe fighting on so wide a front. The number of our guns captured has been taken is only a fraction of the divisional artillery in support of the first lines and will not greatly inconvenience us.

There has been no strategic success at all. The ground won by the Germans is part of that they voluntarily evacuated two years ago, and they have now employed 50 divisions and suffered immense losses in retaking. Like the Russians during their great retreat in 1915, we have retained our alignment and the contact of all our armies. Our advanced positions have played the part which they were expected to play and the steadiness of our armies in the face of an attack which for fury and weight has no precedent in this war

THE
Westcott
SIX
WESTCOTT
bodies are so proportioned as to have each seat equally comfortable. Being mounted in a semi-underling position, the center of gravity is low enough to insure perfect balance and road stability at all speeds.

Seven Models, \$1860 to \$2750
f. o. b. Springfield, Ohio

Let us demonstrate all the Westcott superiorities to you

Brandle
Lindell, Levent, Cuff & O'Neil
Hennepin 25-Central 381
Salesroom Open Every Evening for Buyers

Briton
GERMAN
ADVANCE
BY
Waves of Ma
Shoulder
Mortars an
Gunnery
Advanced
LONDON, March
Mail gives detailed
vancing to the attack
By HAMILTON
Noted British Milit
Visited at the front
North
BRITISH HE
March 25.—It was
suffered by the Ger
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Land seems to have
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Everywhere
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The Germans are
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break the British
at Erville. To

Says 2 Days They Had Set Declares

Counter Attacks
ing Strategical
ic Says.

ington,
whose stirring articles
ph-explosive shells resulted
English army at the front.

the war pursued its course
under the conditions in
and defense.

of the point of attack and
with the utmost energy and
penetrate the first line of the
an lines on many occasions.

altogether splendid and
their best traditions.

new positions upon which
of our right center have
k to they will find fresh
ready to meet blow-
reserves the Germans
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is not an affair of a few

counter-attacks of Epechy
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and much greater forces
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troops and restore the dif-
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re than one of our armies
to have been hitherto fully
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e sufficient indications
the battle will be resumed
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our side without any thin-
ening of other sectors
y be attacked.

to events of this great bat-
as we know them, with
confidence which our well-
st in the valor of our sol-
the justice of our cause
is entertaining.

IN BOX TO HIT TALLER
ACCUSED OF DISLOYALTY

aised for Action at Alleged
ing of "Hoch der Kaiser"
ouseman, Now Prisoner.

G. Kirsch, 45 years old, a
employed at 3011 Long-
ulevard, was ordered held
loyalty charge yesterday.
had been beaten by Max
clerk, of 1116 North Fif-
et.

is 6 feet 2 inches tall and
much smaller. The en-
occurred in a cigar store at
th and Market streets. Co-
policemen Kirsch shouted
er Kaiser" and expressed
on that Hindenburg was
whip the whole world, in
the United States. He said
cause of Kirsch's height, it
nary for him to stand on a
t the houseman.

was warmly congratulated
ak Sergeant at Central Dis-
tion and later by United
strict Attorney Oliver.

in Price of Coal Planned.
crease of 12 1/2 cents per ton
ice of coal will be sought
coal dealers if a request
drivers for an advance of
week in their wages is
The wage increase has
ed by the Coal Haulers'
Exchange.

THE
Westcott
SIX

WESTCOTT
bodies are so
proportioned
to have each seat
equally comfortable.

being mounted in a
semi-underlaid posi-
tion, the center of
gravity is low enough
to insure perfect bal-
ance and road stabili-
ty at all speeds.

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Westcott superior features to you

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Bell, Locust Cliff & Olive
Boulevard, St. Louis 361

Saloon Open Every
Evening and Sundays

Britons at Danger Point Fight to Last Man; Prussians Push on Regardless of Lives

GERMAN METHOD OF ADVANCE DESCRIBED BY HAMILTON FYFE

Waves of Machine Gunners Advanced Almost
Shoulder to Shoulder, Followed by Trench
Mortars and Field Artillery—British Machine
Gunners Inflicted Heavy Losses as Enemy
Advanced Over Bald Ground.

LONDON, March 25 (Special Cable).—The following dispatch to the Daily Mail gives detailed information as to the way in which the Germans are advancing to the attack in their new offensive.

By HAMILTON FYFE,
Noted British Military Writer, Who
Visited St. Louis With Lord
Northcliffe.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS,
March 25.—It was by machine-gun
fire that the heaviest losses were
suffered by the Germans during the
three days' fighting to the south of
St. Quentin, where the enemy fought
his way over the Oise and the Crozat
Canal. His mode of attack was a
return to the method of 1914.

The first wave to cross No Man's
Land seems to have consisted of two
companies, of roughly about 250
men each, equipped with light machine
guns. They marched almost
shoulder to shoulder, with a steady
pace that spoke well for their dis-
cipline and morale. A hundred yards
behind them came another two com-
panies, followed by a number of
machine guns.

Artillery Out Into the Open.
Next, after an interval of two
or three hundred yards, came the
trench mortars and the battalion
staff. Again there was a space of
200 yards and then across prepared
axis from the trenches the field ar-
tillery drove out into the open in
column, forming into line of bat-
teries as soon as possible.

In many places the advance was
across bald ground. Here our ma-
chine guns found their opportu-
nity. Everywhere they reported
making the enemy suffer terribly by
their tenacity and their skill in
handling their weapons. An attack
that was attempted at La Fere, close
to La Perre, was turned back by
streams of bullets from Lewis
machine type.

The Germans crossed the river by
throwing up four bridges. Then they
had to make their way over marshy
ground, and here they were so badly
cut up that they retired first one
bank, and then, finding our fire
too hot for them to carry their ef-
fort further, they went back to the
point from which they had started.

At many points where our front
line was evacuated on account of the
number of gas shells that were
thrown over in the preliminary bom-
bardment—described as the heaviest
of the war by all who experienced it—
German units were caught by ma-

chine guns in our supporting line
and torn to pieces.

Percentage of Casualties.
Prisoners stated that their battal-
ions had 30, 40 and even 50 per cent
of casualties. This, however, does
not hold good on all sectors.

The prisoners agree that they were
kept in complete ignorance of the
offensive. Some of them were told
that they were being moved forward
to strengthen the lines because the
British contemplated an attack. Most
of the rank and file among the cap-
tured did not have any idea where
they were.

One of the consequences of our
knowing what to expect was that,
two days before the attack began,
we made St. Quentin a very unpleas-
ant place for the soldiers, with
whom it was packed.

The city was drenched with gas
shells. The initial German gain in
this southern sector was due to their
seizure of high ground at Urvillers.
Easy and then at Castres. They
thus had good observation facilities
and were able to shell the valleys.

Guns Were Well Placed.
Our guns were, fortunately, well
placed, and we got most of them
away in time. Knowing that the
offensive would begin March 21, a
number of our batteries were ordered
to make slight changes in position.

The Germans, in the counter-bat-
talion work, went on shelling the vacated
positions with great vigor. They did
not discover where the new gun po-
sitions were until fire was opened
from them upon the Germans.

As the Germans advanced our
troops fell back to selected defense
positions during the night, and in
a perfectly orderly manner.

Friday morning saw the enemy
near St. Quentin Canal. During the
day he fought hard to get across the
canal, and also to approach the
Somme Canal, further to the west.

There were severe struggles at Jus-
sey, Fontaine and Ternier. At Jus-
sey we threw the enemy back, but he
kept a foothold at other points on
the Somme Canal.

In a magnificent stand by a bat-
talion of a London regiment near La
Fere, the troops resisted the Germans
in their attempt to cross the Oise
until only 20 of the entire battalion
were left alive.

German "Trump Will Be Overtrumped
at Proper Time," French Leaders Believe

FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, Monday, March 25 (By
A. P.).—Entire confidence remains that the Germans' last trump
in the world battle will be over-trumped when the proper moment
comes. The allied military authorities were fully cognizant that
the enemy's supreme effort would cause a retreat until measures
could be taken to check the irruption into the allied positions.

As always, the attackers possessed
the advantage of knowing exactly
where they would launch their on-
slaught, while the defenders were
compelled to await development of
the battle before meeting the onrush
with counter measures.

The arrival on the scene of French
reserves, sent up to the southern
flank, brought welcome support to
the British, who sustained the first
powerful rush.

The German divisions which be-
lieved that evidently was intended to
be an irresistible forward move-
ment were so cut up that they were
replaced by fresh formations.

The ground over which the fight-
ing has taken place possesses small
tactical value, but it permitted the
allies to retire in perfect order. It
had been devastated by the Germans

before they retreated last year, and
the inhabitants had not had time or
means to build it up again. While
retiring across what was almost
desert land, the British inflicted
enormous losses on the enemy, who
lost thousands of lives in an
effort to overcome the resistance he
encountered.

When the retiring British reached
the Somme and the canal, they
turned about and gave battle, meet-
ing repeated and long sustained en-
deavors of both infantry and cav-
alry.

Military opinion generally is that
this first phase of the great battle, in
which even more troops were em-
ployed than in the battle of the
Marne, gives no indications what the
result will be. Nevertheless, devel-
opments are awaited by the allies
without anxiety.

Germans Push on Regardless of Losses;
Britons in Places Fight to Last Man

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN
FRANCE, Monday, March 25 (By
A. P.).—This has been another day
of most desperate and sanguinary
fighting along the whole front of
the new battle zone. In fact, in the
northern sector there has been no
cessation in the awful work since
yesterday morning.

The Germans have continued to
push great forces of infantry into
the conflict, depending largely on
weight of numbers to overcome the
increasing opposition offered by the
heroically resisting British.

On the northern wing of the of-
fensive the enemy this morning
brought up additional troops after
all-night struggle of the fiercest
nature and renewed his efforts to
break the British front in the region
of Ervillers. To the south, near the

lar. On Saturday the Germans es-
caped the crossing of the Somme on
rafts in the Neule sector, but these
forces were caught in a hall of ar-
tillery, machine gun and rifle fire and
virtually wiped out. Yesterday, how-
ever, the Germans succeeded in get-
ting troops across in this manner
and followed these advanced guards
up with strong forces which pushed
on in the neighborhood of Morchain.

The British were contesting the
enemy advance fiercely.

The battle today on the historic
ground about Longueval was per-
haps the most spectacular of any
along the front. It was a day for
machine gunners and infantry. The
Germans were pursuing their tactics
of working forward in massed for-
mation, but the British rapid fire
squads and rifles were reaping a
horrid harvest from their positions
on the high grounds. Notwithstand-
ing their terrible losses, the Ger-
mans kept coming on, filling in the
places of those who had fallen and
pressing their attack. The British
artillery meantime poured in a per-
fect rain of shells on the enemy. In
the afternoon the Germans were op-
erating without the full support of
their guns because of their rapid ad-
vance.

In the north in the region of Er-
villers, the British last night were
forced more to abandon Morchain,
which had changed hands several
times in the last few days. They fell
back for a short distance, and the
battle this morning was staged large-
ly along the Bapaume-Arras road.

The Germans employed a large num-
ber of divisions in this assault, which
in the early hours were held off by
the British guns.

For the last four days, French
refugees have been streaming back
from the evacuated towns in large
numbers. Everywhere along the
roads leading to the front were to
be seen old men, women and children
all struggling stoically behind their
horse-drawn carts of household fur-
niture, or even packing a few belong-
ings in a bag on their backs.

It is possible today to give details
of that most important phase of the
battle fought in the sector between
Gouzeaucourt and St. Quentin. This
country here was shelled in mass
Thursday morning and the Germans
advanced without being seen. Strong
forces of infantry flung themselves
against the British front line and
after a fierce struggle broke through it
at several places. They then con-
tinued driving hard for Templeux,
near Hargicourt.

Just in front of the former village
were quarries in which the British
had taken up positions, and here a
battle of great ferocity was waged.
The Germans repeatedly tried to take
the quarries by storm, but so gallant
was the defense of the courageous
small forces that the attacking troops
were unable to push their way
through.

While this struggle was in progress,
the enemy flung his divisions
against the line in front of Hargicourt
and compelled the British to
fall back from that place. This auto-
matically ended the struggle in the
Templeux quarries, and the defenders
fell back a little.

British Fight to Last Man.
On Friday a fierce engagement was
waged about Leveguier, which the
Germans captured, but not until the
British infantry holding the place
had fought to the last man and in-
flicted extremely heavy losses on the
enemy. The British again fell back,
this time to a line through Herilly,
just east of Roisel and Vermand.

The Germans captured Herilly
but the British came back with the
help of tanks in a dashing counter-
attack, which forced the enemy to
withdraw. The Germans, however,
in an attack further down the line,
had forced the British line to swing
back, and the whole front of this
sector was compelled to give way, fall-
ing back to the line of the Somme.

Every inch of ground was contested
as the British withdrew and some of
the most magnificent work of the war
was done by the hardy troops who
fought the rear guard action and al-
lowed the main force to retire in an
orderly and moderate manner.

The fighting southwest of Roisel
was especially severe. On Saturday
the Germans were tired and there
was no very heavy fighting in this
sector. The enemy forces pushed
forward to occupy the evacuated ter-
ritory, and, as they came, they were
deluged with shells by the British ar-
tillery.

No finer targets could have been
offered to the defending artillerymen,
who shot all day with open sights and
covered the ground in front of them
with lead and dying.

On Sunday the Germans advanced
against the Somme defenses, and,

Noyon, Again in German Hands, Welcomed French Just Year Ago

THE reoccupation of the city of
Noyon by the Germans re-
calls most tragically the re-
joicing of its inhabitants when it
was redeemed by French troops
just a year ago, after three years
of German domination.

They had reason to rejoice, for
Noyon seems to have been a focus
of German atrocity. Mme.
Alexis Carrel, wife of the cele-
brated surgeon of the Rockefeller
Foundation, who rode in the first
French ambulance to enter Noyon,
reported that every woman be-
tween the ages of 14 and 30 had
been carried off nine days before
the German retreat began.

The civil population, she said,
had had no meat to eat for 17
months and had tried to exist on
black bread and rice, many suc-
cumbing to starvation. Noyon
is a city of about 8000 inhabitants,
but this number had been in-
creased to 12,000 by the German
children driven in from neighbor-

ing villages. When the French ar-
rived, they came crawling forth
from cellars and outhouses, like
human vermin.

Children in the orphan asylums
had slept for four winter months
on beds of filthy straw, without
mattresses, pillows or blankets,
these having been confiscated by
the Germans. Wounded and cap-
tured Frenchmen who survived
were reduced to skin and bones
and "were covered with vermin."

The Germans had not left a pane
of glass in Noyon, and had run off
with every stitch of clothing and
every household utensil. In an
official report to the French Gov-
ernment, a committee appointed
to investigate made the following
assertion:

"Everything in this spectacle of
devastation discloses a method of
such ferocity and such un-
scrupulousness that it is impos-
sible to see in it the execution of a rig-
orously prepared plan. All this was
done at the same time and with the
same ferocity, in order to bring
miserable misery, inspire terror and
create despair."

having pierced some of these, are
seemingly pushing their advantages
to the full in the hope of overcoming
all opposition to the objectives which
they have planned.

German Tanks Take Important Part
in the Fighting.

BERLIN, Monday, March 25, via
London (By A. P.).—German tanks,
reinforced by captured British tanks,
says a semi-official statement today,
in Sunday's fighting in the West took
a leading part in breaking the British
resistance.

Tanks attached to the German di-
visions fighting below St. Quentin
stood the test brilliantly, the state-
ment continues, that the tenacious
resistance of the British, especially
the machine gun nests, was broken
quickly. Troops manning a concrete
redoubt near Urvillers are reported
to have been overpowered immedi-
ately by the tanks.

German Agents Spread Alarmist Re-
ports Behind Battle Line.

LONDON, March 27 (By A. P.).—
German agents are spreading alarm-
ist reports among the civil popula-
tion in the battle zone in North-
ern France, according to a dispatch
from the Reuter correspondent at
British headquarters, dated Monday.
These persons are being deluged
with "rumor" caught. Concerning
the fighting the correspondent
says:

"The spirit and determination of
the British troops is excellent. The
losses they have been enormous.
The situation in many places remains
very confused, which is natural in
fighting that has assumed more of
the character of a war movement
than of a simple tactical advance."

"The manner in which our guns,
tanks and transports have been with-
drawn behind the lines amounts to
a marvelous feat."

"After falling back across the
Somme, we cleared all the bridges
except one, which was so command-
ed by our gunfire that it was more
advantageous to leave it standing.
The enemy casualties in his efforts to
get across this narrow strip of water
have been prodigious."

WASHINGTON U. DECIDES ON
FORCED MILITARY TRAINING

Faculty Votes to Put Plan Into Effect
With Beginning of Term

The Washington University faculty
last night adopted plans to put
compulsory military training into
effect at the university next fall.

Training will be in accordance
with the Government requirements
under which the United
States army assigns instructors, and
Washington University expects to
have the services of such an instructor.

The minimum requirement will be
three hours of military training a
week during the freshman and soph-
omore years. Provision will be made
for those showing special proficiency
to continue the training until they
have qualified for commissions in
the Officers' Reserve Corps.

Representative of U. S. Depart-
ment to Make First of Six Talks
Here Friday Night.

The first of a series of six lec-
tures on the keeping of poultry in
city back yards, will be delivered
Friday night at 8 o'clock in Central
High School Auditorium by R. H.
Wilkins, representing the United
States Department of Agriculture.
Two reels of moving pictures will
be shown.

Every inch of ground was contested
under the direction of the
Department of Agriculture and the
Women's Central Committee on
Food Conservation to have every city
family keep chickens for the pro-
duction of meat and eggs, on the
basis of two hens to each member
of the family.

Wilkins points out that in sum-
mer the fowls can be fed on scraps
from the table, and waste from
kitchen gardens, such as lettuce, rad-
ish tops, cabbage, beet tops and po-
tato peelings.

State Golf Champion Goes Into
Jimmie Manion, State golf cham-
pion, has gone into haberdashery and
furnishings and is now located at
the Elgin street store of the Hyatt
& Weaver Shirt Co.

WOOD URGES ARMY OF 2,000,000 IN FRANCE

General Recommends to Sena-
tors That as Many More Be
Put in Training at Home.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A.
P.).—Recommendations that Amer-
ica's fighting forces be increased to
4,000,000 or 5,000,000, and that half
of them be concentrated in France
as soon as possible, were before the
Senate Military Committee today in
the form of a confidential statement
submitted by Major-General Leonard
Wood.

Fresh from a visit to the Western
battle front, the General appeared
before the committee yesterday and
for three hours frankly discussed
the situation in Europe and at home.

The General declared, his auditors
said, that allied military opinion was
unanimous that the German offen-
sive would fail, despite the fact that
the Germans on the Western front
were numerically superior to the al-
lies both on the ground and in the
air. The allied armies, he said, are
in a better position than their ad-
versaries.

The committee members admitted
that Gen. Wood said the French are dis-
appointed in the size of the Amer-
ican army thus far sent to Europe.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon,
chairman of the committee, said
Gen. Wood favored the maintenance
of a force of 2,500,000 in France at
the earliest possible moment and a
similar force in training in the
United States.

Another committee member as-
serted the General advocated an army
of 4,000,000, half of which should be
put in France as soon as possible.

Two Americans Killed in Flanders.

OTTAWA, Ontario, March 26 (By
A. P.).—The Canadian casualty list
contains the names of the following
Americans:

Killed—C. O. Woodford, Pasade-
na, Cal.; Lieut. G. Gorman, Los An-
geles, Cal.

Died of Wounds—F. C. Freeman,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Prisoner of War—A. R. Lutey,
Detroit, Mich.

Bamberger to Address C. of C.

Rader, the evangelist; Gov.
Simon Bamberger of Utah and Serg.
Matthew W. Wagon of the Canadian
Army will address members of the
Chamber of Commerce at their
luncheon at the Planters Hotel to-
morrow.

The Associated Press News Service
is received and printed exclusively by
the Post-Dispatch in the St. Louis
evening field.

Haig Assured Men to Replace Those Lost Are on Way

LONDON, March 26 (By A. P.).
IN a message to Field Marshal
Haig, David Lloyd George, the
British Premier, says that the men
necessary to replace those
lost are either now in France or
already on their way. All guns
will be replaced and still further
reinforcements of men and guns
are ready to enter the battle.

The Premier's message fol-
lows:

"The British Cabinet wishes
to express to the army the na-
tion's thanks for its splendid de-
fense. The whole empire is
filled with pride as it watches
the heroic resistance offered by
its brave troops to overwhelm-
ing odds."

"Knowing their steadfastness
and courage whenever the honor
of their country depends on their
valor, the empire awaits with
confidence the result of this
struggle to defeat the enemy's
last desperate effort to trample
down the free nations of the world."

"At home we are prepared to
do all in our power to help in a
true spirit of comradeship. The
men necessary to replace all
casualties and cannon and ma-
chine guns required to make
good all lost are either in France
or on their way, and still fur-
ther reinforcements of men and
guns are ready to be thrown into
the battle."

DR. THARP OF EAST ST. LOUIS
SLIGHTLY WOUNDED AT FRONT

He Is Lieutenant in Medical Corps
and Was Transferred Recently
From Base Hospital.

Lieut. Royal Tharp, 39 years old,
an East St. Louis physician now in
the Medical Corps of the United
States Army in France, was slightly
wounded March 9. His wife was in-
formed of his injury yesterday in a
dispatch from Washington.

Dr. Tharp enlisted last June and
was sent to France shortly afterward.
This is the second time he has been
injured, his wife said. Last Novem-
ber he was gassed and was a month
recovering. His wife received a let-
ter from him last Tuesday, in which
he told of having been transferred
from a British base hospital to the
front. Dr. Tharp was graduated
from the St. Louis College of Physi-
cians and Surgeons in 1910.

The Associated Press News Service
is received and printed exclusively by
the Post-Dispatch in the St. Louis
evening field.

Col. McArthur on Gen. Pershing's
Casualty List.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A.
P.).—Gen. Pershing's casualty list
received yesterday announced that
Col. Douglas MacArthur, chief of
staff of the Rainbow Division, had
been severely wounded. He recently
was decorated for bravery. Col.
MacArthur formerly was the War
Department censor here.

Yesterday's casualty list was as
follows:

Died of wounds: Private John T.
Kirby.

Died of disease: Privates Fletch-
er Pickens, pneumonia; Tom Wat-
son, pneumonia; Withrop S. Low-
ery, rupture of liver.

Died of unknown cause: Private
Joseph E. Erickson.

Wounded severely: Col. Douglas
MacArthur.

Wounded slightly: Corporal Os-
car E. Thomas, James M. Haslam,
and John Leyshock; Privates Ed-
ward J. Collins, Henry Toohy,
Charles A. Trent and Joseph B. Wil-
kins.

Quinine That Does Not Affect Head.
Because of its tonic and laxative ef-
fect, LAXATIVE BROMO GUININE
(Tablets) can be taken by anyone
without causing nervousness or
ringing in the head. There is only
silly "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S
signature is on box. 30c—ADV.

If they are "planning to buy a
home" they will eventually decide
upon places first brought to their at-
tention through advertising—and
they are readers of the Post-Dispatch
Want Ads.

Now Is the Time to
Prove Your Loyalty
Buy Thrift Stamps
Make Your Income Tax Returns—Save Food.

Nugent's
Suits Lead the Easter Throngs
Every Miss and Woman
Will Have a New One
\$35 and \$45

We are concentrating all our efforts to make this the big Suit week of the season. Suits arrive daily to swell the ranks of hundreds already displayed.

It is interesting to note the various new features creeping

RATE ON THIRD LIBERTY LOAN TO BE 4-1-4 PER CENT

Issue Will Be for Three Billion Dollars and All Over-Subscriptions.

NEW LOANS TO ALLIES

New Legislation Being Drafted to Further Payments to European Nations.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Three billion dollars with all over-subscriptions will be the amount of the third Liberty Loan, to open April 6, and the rate of interest will be 4 1/4 per cent, according to a detailed statement of Secretary McAdoo, published today. Bonds of the third loan will not be convertible into any future loan, although those of the first loan bearing 2 1/2 per cent interest and of the second bearing 4 per cent may be converted into the new bonds.

The maturity of the new bonds is yet to be determined, but it was stated that they would be for a long term, probably between 20 and 30 years. Secretary McAdoo plans the establishment of a sinking fund to absorb bonds thrown back on the market in order to aid in keeping the price at par.

Work of drafting legislation was begun today by Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee, to provide for an additional bond authorization of \$4,500,000,000 more than the \$2,650,000,000 sum already authorized but unused, for the increased rate, for continuance of loans to the allies this summer and for issuance of more than the \$4,000,000,000 certificates of indebtedness now authorized. An effort will be made to rush this legislation through both houses this week. No opposition is looked for in either House.

The Ways and Means Committee tentatively agreed to give Secretary McAdoo power to issue \$8,000,000,000 in certificates of indebtedness, double the amount now authorized.

Surprise at Interest Rate. Most financial observers were surprised at the comparatively small size of the loan, and at the interest rate, both of which they had expected to be higher. Reduction of Government expenditures and allied loans below the former estimate is responsible for the loan's size, Secretary McAdoo explained. He said the bonds were made non-convertible to put an end to expectations of higher interest rates in the future, indicating his purpose to maintain the 4 1/4 rate for future loans. Secretary McAdoo's statement follows:

"The Secretary of the Treasury, in a conference with Mr. Kitchin, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee today, outlined his plan for the third Liberty Loan. Actual expenditures of the United States Government and of the allied Governments having been much less than had been indicated by the estimate the amount of the next loan will be only \$3,000,000,000, the right being reserved to allot over-subscriptions."

"The Secretary will ask authority from Congress to issue bonds bearing interest at rate of 4 1/4 per cent per annum, acceptable at par and accrued interest in payment of United States inheritance taxes, and having the benefit of a sinking fund of 5 per cent per annum during the period of the war and for one year thereafter."

"It is the belief of the Secretary that the rate now proposed is sufficient and that by restricting unnecessary capital issues and by inducing the people who subscribe for Liberty bonds to save and keep them for investment and by purchases with the sinking fund of a sinking fund of 5 per cent per annum during the period of the war and for one year thereafter."

"To Make New Loans to Allies. In addition to the foregoing principal items of the proposed program Congress will be asked for authority to issue bonds to the amount of \$4,000,000,000 in addition to those now authorized in order to provide for future issues; for authority to issue additional Treasury certificates of indebtedness; for authority to make additional loans to the allied Governments during the summer, and for authority to deposit income and excess profits taxes with national banks, state banks and trust companies throughout the United States in the same manner as the proceeds of the Liberty Loan."

"I am sure that the people will respond to the third Liberty Loan with the same loyalty and enthusiasm that characterized their support of the first two loans. The great events now happening in France must fire the soul of every American with a new determination to furnish all the dollars and all the material resources of America that are needed to put an end to the execrable atrocities of German militarism. Defeat faces the Kaiser. Let us hasten it by America's might with increased vigor in concert with our gallant comrades."

The latest block of \$500,000,000 certificates of indebtedness was over-subscribed, Secretary McAdoo announced. The following districts failed to reach their quota: Philadelphia, Richmond, Atlanta, St. Louis, Dallas and San Francisco.

Famous Musical Director, "Loaned" to U. S. by Kaiser, Now Held as an Enemy



DR. KARL MUCK.

BOSTON ORCHESTRA HEAD QUESTIONED BY U. S. OFFICIALS

Dr. Karl Muck, Symphony Conductor, Was Arrested by Federal Agents as Enemy Alien.

BOSTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Dr. Karl Muck, conductor of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, was taken today before Federal officials to be questioned regarding his alleged pro-German activities. Dr. Muck was arrested at his home last night by agents of the Department of Justice as an enemy alien, but no statement was forthcoming as to the specific grounds for this action. It was reported, however, that Dr. Muck's secretary a few days ago applied for blank applications for passports for Dr. and Mrs. Muck.

Dr. Muck, although claiming to be a Swiss citizen, was born in Bavaria in 1859, and this, it was said, made it possible to hold him as an enemy under the President's proclamation. His father went to Switzerland and was naturalized when Dr. Muck was about 8 years old.

Charges that Dr. Muck, for many years conductor at the Imperial Opera House at Berlin, before he came to this country by leave of Emperor William, had been actively pro-German became widespread last November after the orchestra at a concert in Providence refused to play the "Star-Spangled Banner." Since that time engagements of the orchestra in several cities have been canceled because of popular opposition that, in some cases, was expressed in mass meetings of protest.

Sioux City Elects Preacher Mayor.

SIoux CITY, Mo., March 26 (By A. P.).—The Rev. Wallace M. Short, preacher-candidate on the labor ticket, was elected Mayor of Sioux City by 1881 majority over A. C. Andrews, incumbent, yesterday.

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Without the Blister—Easier, Quicker

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of mustard plasters, and will not blister. Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars, hospital size \$2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

—ADV.

UNION ORGANIZER HELD ON CHARGE OF AIDING ENEMY

Butchers' Organization Man Accused of Causing Strikes Among Food Producers.

Fred Gus Schmidt of 4148 Osceola street, national organizer for the Butchers' and Meatcutters' Union, was held today by the St. Louis police for the Federal authorities, on a charge of pro-German activities in fomenting labor difficulties in food-producing establishments.

Government agents who have traced Schmidt's activities here and in Chicago, Philadelphia, Kansas City, Omaha and Fort Wayne, Ind., say he is a native of Prussia and was formerly known as Fritz Schneider. They say he obtained first citizenship papers, under the name of Schmidt, in Pittsburgh, but did not obtain final papers, and has since served in the United States Army, with the rank of Corporal.

He had a small meat shop in St. Louis a few years ago, and was one of the first members of the Butchers' and Meatcutters' Union local here. Later he became national organizer.

Will Be Asked About "Gas Bombs." It was also learned that that prisoner will be questioned about the so-called "gas bomb" which has been used in St. Louis and elsewhere to spoil meat and other food. These bombs, which contain a noxious gas, were used in some restaurants at the time of a strike of waiters, and have been used elsewhere in meat packing establishments.

Schmidt, or Schneider, was arrested yesterday afternoon at New Club Hall, Thirteenth street and Chouteau avenue. He was charged with being in the barred zone without the permit required from enemy aliens. Schmidt, when seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter in the holdover, said the charge that he tried to stir up strikes was untrue. He said he had prevented several threatened strikes. He also said he had been tried and acquitted on a charge connected with the use of "gas bombs." He said it was true that he changed his name when he left Germany, but he denied that, as the Federal officers have charged, he had a wife and children in that country. He has a wife here. He said he desired to become an American citizen, and that he thought he had done so when he obtained his first papers.

VIENNA PARLIAMENT TOLD WAR AIM IS END OF FRANCE

Annihilation of Aspiring Slav Nations Also Planned, Says Croatian Deputy in Speech.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Excerpts from a speech in the Vienna parliament by the Croatian Deputy Laginpa, denouncing the Austro-Hungarian Government and declaring the object of the war was to crush France and annihilate aspiring Slav nations, were received here today in an official dispatch. The message said:

"In the discussion of the budget in the Vienna parliament, the Croatian Laginpa, after having spoken of the various financial questions and having described the misery which exists in Austria, turned toward the German deputies and said to them:

"My people, are they responsible for this war? Are they responsible for its duration? Is this war really being waged in order to punish Serbia, guilty or perhaps innocent, for a last page in history of this assassination has not yet been written. The supposition that the hand of the young assassin of Sarajevo was directed by other invisible forces than those which ruled in Belgrade is by no means excluded. No, gentlemen, there were other motives produced this fatal war. Its aim is not vengeance against Serbia, but verily the destruction of the French nation, as well as the annihilation of all the Slav nations who aspire to a new life. An entire literature demonstrates it. Austria-Hungary, which has committed so many crimes against our nation, will not listen to our grievances, hear of our efforts, our sufferings and our sacrifices. Such a state does not deserve our assent so that it may continue its life and meet its obligations as a state."

STRENGTH-GIVING TONIC
Father John's Medicine builds you up.—ADV.

WIDOW POSED AS MAN'S WIFE IN SIGNING QUESTIONNAIRE

Mrs. Antonia Head, 27 years old, a widow, who had three husbands in the last four years, and who has been conducting a rooming house at 305 South Third street, admitted to the police today that she posed as the wife of Walter Hoffman, a lawyer, in signing his questionnaire and endeavoring to obtain exemption for him. The deception was discovered when the real wife and three children of Hoffman were found.

Mrs. Head divorced John Link, a teamster, four years ago. She married Erich Braatz, an East St. Louis saloon keeper. She divorced Braatz and remarried him the same day. He died 18 months ago. She then married Edward Head, a saloon keeper, who died last September. Link, her first husband, lives next door to her.

The questionnaire was signed with the name of Mrs. Minnie Hoffman, Hoffman's wife. Anna, lives with the children at 1235 Montgomery street. She supports them, she said. Hoffman and Mrs. Head are held for the Federal authorities.

LONG-RANGE GUN SAID TO BE OLD AUSTRIAN MAKE

Novelty Is in New Type of Shell and Explosive Gases Used, Says Vienna Dispatch.

GENEVA, Monday, March 25 (By A. P.).—The long-range guns bombarding Paris, according to a Vienna dispatch received here, are of Austrian manufacture, having been built at the Skoda factory.

The gun itself is not new, but its novelty comes from a new type of shell and the explosive gases used in the gun.

There are said to be only two or three of the guns.

"Mystery Gun" Admitted to Be One of Greatest Surprises of War.

LONDON, March 26 (By A. P.).—In the "mystery gun" the name generally given to the weapon with which the Germans are bombarding Paris from a distance estimated at 75 miles, it is frankly admitted by experts that the enemy has sprung one of the greatest surprises of the war.

Gen. Sir Desmond O'Callaghan, formerly president of the Army Ordnance Committee, says of the German gun:

"The projectiles must have been fired from long and heavier guns and with a more powerful propellant than we have any knowledge of."

From Paris has come the suggestion that the extraordinary range of the gun is due to the projectile being provided with a second charge, which explodes when the first stage of the flight is completed, giving it a fresh impetus. This theory is scouted by Gen. O'Callaghan, as is also the variant of it, that the projectile is fitted with a propeller enabling it to continue its journey when it is not longer driven by the projecting force from the gun.

"It would seem," says Gen. O'Callaghan, "that a new departure in ballistics can alone explain the enormous range, which is three times that

of anything hitherto accomplished."

The expert estimates the weight of the projectile at about 330 pounds, and that it leaves the gun with a muzzle velocity of about 4900 feet per second, the gun having an elevation of about 65 degrees, "which very quickly takes the projectile into a stratum of rarified air in which resistance is greatly minimized." The strain upon the gun, he says, must be enormous, and probably it would be unable to survive more than a hundred rounds at the most, the cost of each being nearly \$5000.

All the experts agree that at such a tremendous range even approximate accuracy is out of the question, and therefore the gun is only of use where a target is presented on a vast scale, like Paris. The object aimed at, they say, is rather more moral than material, but in both respects the gun is likely to prove less effective than airplane raiders.

Will Manage Army Theaters.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (By A. P.).—Malcolm L. McBride of Cleveland has been appointed to take charge of theaters and entertainments in the army training camps to succeed Marc Kilow of New York, who has resigned because of pressing personal affairs.

USE COCOANUT OIL FOR WASHING HAIR

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulisified coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulisified coconut oil at almost any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.—ADV.

ALLIES OPEN FOOD CONFERENCE

Will Study Best Uses to Be Made by Each Country of Its Resources.

PARIS, March 26 (By A. P.).—The Inter-Allied Scientific Food Conference was opened here yesterday by Victor Boret, Minister of Provisions. In an address M. Boret said the purpose of the conference was to study the manner in which each allied country could make the best use of the limited available resources, by means of the establishment of a scientific rationing system. It was said, in such a way as to enable him to make the greatest effort with the least amount of food.

The United States is represented at the conference by Prof. Russell Chittenden of Yale, Prof. Graham Lusk of Cornell Medical School, New York, and John L. Simpson of the Food Administrator's Department.

TRY THIS FOR YOUR COLD

What You Need Is Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey at Once.

As a cold is only dangerous when neglected, the prompt use of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will break it up and prevent the weakening cough from becoming chronic.

This happy combination of balsam and healing agents soon overcomes the cold germs, loosens the phlegm, relieves congestion and quickly relieves the cold.

Search as you will, you will not find a better remedy than Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Not only recent or lingering coughs, but grippe, bronchitis, or asthma are helped toward speedy recovery by its proper use. Still sold at 50c by all druggists.

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey
for Coughs & Colds

—ADV.

HOME GUARDS EXPECTING GUNS

St. Louis Regiments Hope to Get Rifles This Spring or Summer.

Staff officers of the two St. Louis regiments of the Missouri National Guard hope to receive a new supply of rifles from Washington this spring or in the early summer. The regiments are now drilling with a limited number of Springfield rifles, and police riot guns.

Col. Philip B. Fouke and Capt. Seiden P. Spencer, adjutant of the First Regiment, visited the War Department Bureau of Ordnance in Washington yesterday, and said they, under the representations made to them, expected to receive a full supply of guns some time in April. They do not expect to get guns of the latest pattern.

How Fat Folks May Become Slim

Get Rid of Ten to Sixty Pounds Easily.

To be excessively fat is very embarrassing. People who are too stout are usually sensitive on this subject. Style and fat folks are strangers. Therefore, people who are carrying around a burden of unhealthy and unsightly fat will be glad to know that they may reduce their weight without starvation diet or tiresome exercises. If you want to become thinner in a simple, safe and reliable way, there is a test worth trying. Spend some time daily in the open air, and get from the druggist a box of oil of kerosene capsules; take one after each meal and one before retiring at night. Also follow the other simple directions that come with the box.

Weigh yourself once a week so as to know just how fast you are losing weight, and don't leave off the treatment or even skip a single dose until you are down to normal.

Even a few days' treatment has been reported to show a noticeable reduction in weight, with the flesh firm, the skin smooth and the general health improved.

If you are ten to sixty pounds over normal weight you should give this treatment a trial. You will likely find it is just what you need. It is a fine sensation to be free from the many discomforts of over-stoutness.—ADVERTISEMENT.

Sent to you on

10 DAYS FREE TRIAL

The — PRIZE —

EUREKA

Electric Vacuum Cleaner

Your Protection

The Eureka won the Grand Prize—the highest award for Electric Vacuum Cleaners at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco. The Eureka was in competition with 18 other makes.

Here is our great special offer to you. We will deliver right to your door one of our superb, brand-new, easy gliding and deep sweeping Eureka Vacuum Cleaners—our very latest 1918 model—on 10 days' free cleaning trial.

Only \$2.50 Down

Easy Monthly Payments

If you decide to buy after 10 days' free trial you can pay down as your first payment only \$2.50, and pay the balance in small, easy payments—30 days' between each small payment. Our liberal easy-payment plan gives you the privilege of owning and using a cleaner and paying for it at your convenience.

This Special Offer Ends Saturday, April 27. This great free trial and easy payment offer expires at 6 P. M. Saturday, April 27—you must act at once if you want to be sure of getting a cleaner.

Write us today or telephone, and we will give you full details of our exceptionally generous arrangements. You can have your EUREKA this very day.

WE WILL SHIP CLEANERS OUT-OF-TOWN FOR FREE TRIAL IF REFERENCES ACCOMPANY INQUIRIES.

EUREKA VACUUM CLEANER CO.

Olive 2688—2689 1214 OLIVE STREET Central 6227

NOTE—Reliable Out-of-Town Dealers (Individuals or Firms) Wanted

You can also have free trial of the EUREKA by phoning or writing

UNION ELECTRIC CO., 4912 Delmar, Branch

Delmar 497—Forest 3235
Delmar 434

HOW OFFICERS STOPPED LATE SL

CAMP DODGE, Io., March 26.—A story that has become famous around the cantonment of the passing of winter: The boys, who are gathered here, the habit of lying abed until the last bugle. Then they would jump on their boots and overcoats in front of their tents on the officers' became

HICKORY GAIT
FOR YOUR
The same rubber make PARIS GAITERS is found exclusive Garters. It holds and rubber and it pays to s

This is the HICKORY trademark

Charge Purch

\$29.75

Eas

\$24

STYLES tha

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Albert Andrew Ross, seaman,
Hingham, Mass.
Martin Rosenski, seaman, Toledo,
O.
Lamorn Shaw, fireman, Browns-
field, Pa.
Ralph C. Watson, engineman, New
York City.
William H. Wood, gunner's mate,
Santa Cruz, Cal.

A detailed black and white illustration of a white lace-up shoe, possibly a dress shoe or oxford, shown from a side profile. The shoe has a dark sole with a striped pattern on the heel. It is paired with a white sock featuring vertical stripes. The entire scene is enclosed within an ornate, oval-shaped frame with decorative scrollwork at the top and bottom. The background within the frame is filled with a fine, stippled texture.

**Mothers find
Grape-Nuts**

A Splendid Food *for*
Growing Children

**A FOOD THAT
BUILDS STRONG
AND SURE**

A Presentation of Clever Modes in

Easter Suits & Coats

\$24.75 \$29.75 \$39.75

STYLES that are smart and distinctive, in garments that are tailored with care and precision, marked at these reasonable figures. So vast is the showing that there are styles to meet every individual idea. Many of them copies from much higher-priced garments.

Materials include serges, gabardines, tricotines and tweeds, in the desired shades of tan, navy and black-and-white checks.

Sizes for the small women as well as those requiring extra sizes. If alterations are required, we insure delivery in time for Easter.

(Third Floor)

Corporations rarely make a defense to such suits as are contemplated, the usual procedure being for them to confess judgment, a small fine being assessed. They then pay the costs. Frequently the fine is remitted on payment of costs.

Efforts to reach Attorney-General Callister today for a statement were unsuccessful. It was stated at his office in Jefferson City that he is out of the city.

Men's Shirts & Drawers, 28c, 38c, 58c, 68c
Balbriggan, porosknit and fine ribbed Shirts and Drawers, bleached and eceru, per garment, **28c, 38c, 58c and 68c.**
(Downstairs Store.)

Stix, Baer & Fuller

Smart Suits—practical Suits—new in line and hang—cleverly tailored, just like all Garland Suits are regardless of what the price may be. Jaunty short Coats, narrow shoulders, fitted sleeves. Developed in serge and poplin. Button and braid trimmed.

Just imagine it! They are as new as can be—correct in style and dependable in fabric. They are copied after models made to sell for twice their price. Serges, taffetas, Georgette, Jersey cloth, in all the most attractive Spring shades.

THOMAS W. GARLAND=====409-11-13 Broadway

Profiteering Causes Menacing Expansion in German Finance

Organization of New Companies and Increases in Capitalizations That Spell Eventual Disaster Going Merrily on Without Regard to Crisis.

This is the 10th of a series of articles, detailing the results of an exhaustive inquiry by Post-Dispatch and New York World correspondents within and without the German Empire to ascertain the status of German power and resources today. An installment of this report will be published daily.

By CYRIL BROWN, A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and New York World.

STOCKHOLM, March 1.—The German debut of 1918 is marked by the continuance of the astonishingly increasing new stock emissions, flotations of new corporations and limited companies, which in the last quarter of 1917 broke all records even of peace time boom years, and this despite sharpened state control to check speculation and keep new stocks out of the market in the interest of future war loans.

New securities to the grand total value of 1,346,000,000 marks (nearly \$286,330,000) were issued in 1917 and were absorbed, despite the flotation of two imperial war loans aggregating 25,000,000,000 marks, as compared with new stock issues totaling 617,000,000 marks in 1916 (nearly double) and surpassing also the stock flotation figures for the last peace years, which ranged from 400,000,000 to 900,000,000 marks.

Getting Ready for America. New companies and corporations alone were formed in 1917, with a total capital of 576,000,000 marks (at normal exchange \$121,000,000), as against 517,000,000 marks in 1916; and the increase in the number of new corporations was relatively greater than of limited liability companies. This significant development is continuing in 1918.

Its hidden significance becomes apparent only when one bears in mind that the formation of new stock companies is today subject to state license, granted only in cases of clear interest to the state; further, that under prevailing rigidly multi-controlled conditions, new investments in plant are absolutely out of the question unless their "war necessity" is established to the satisfaction of the authorities and recognized as such. It is impossible, under military state socialism in Germany today, to build a single new factory, impossible to obtain either labor or steel or iron or cement for building purposes, impossible to construct, such erection of new plant, is directly or indirectly in the military interest, with further, a high degree of war necessity.

Preparing for an indefinite war. Behind the startling increase in new companies and corporations lurks the fact that, though preparing for peace, Germany is still arming for war for a war of indefinite duration—more particularly preparing to take up America's challenge. In this increasing high-pressure formation of state-licensed new companies must be seen the persisting effect of the ambitious Hindenburg program accelerated and intensified by America's entry into the war. Thus 29 new airplane factories were built or building in 1917 alone.

Of equal illuminating significance, though more complex, is the problem of the continued increase in the capital of already existing companies and corporations. The compulsion of obtaining a license from the state holds good today for all increasing of capital stock as well; so, too, the prohibition against investment of additional capital in a new plant, except in the direct or indirect and necessary furtherance of warfare. Despite these tight state limitations and rigid military restrictions, companies and corporations increased their capital by more than 676,000,000 marks in 1917, as against a shade less than 500,000,000 marks in 1916, and this development continues in 1918.

That stock watering has been practiced on a vast scale in Germany must be recorded among the established war facts. The emergency prices freely offered and ungrudgingly paid by the military authorities have netted the war industries and all their connections a profit that reads like fiction, resulting in the soaring of dividends to dizzy heights or in the piling up of huge paper surpluses. Many a German company's war loans aggregates four and five times its entire capital stock, and many a wise board of directors has resorted to the old-fashioned prescription of stock watering and melon cutting in order with a minimum of ostentation to reduce dividends and distribute or disguise swollen surpluses before the tax-gathering officialdom could trim them.

Big Mergers Under Way. Stock watering and melon cutting are reduced to the narrowest limits under the license decree. With a few notorious exceptions the authorities refuse applications to increase capital when the purpose is obviously not of benefit to the community as a whole. How effectively the practice has been checked is indicated by the fact that of a grand total of 257,000,000 marks capital increases in the last quarter of 1917 only 4,000,000 marks represented merely melon cutting.

A more significant factor is the increasing of capital stock, aggregating 107,000,000 marks in the last quarter of 1917, for fusion and absorption purposes. Thus the thread-bare Bank increased its capital by 60,000,000 marks in order to absorb the Rhenish-Westphalian Disconto Gesellschaft, and a part of the Aniline Trust's 125,000,000 marks increase in its capital stock was likewise for consummating big fusion deals. As increase of capital for fusion purposes involves only a process of consolidation and does not reduce any liquid capital from fu-

such as the General Electric Co., chose the way of increasing their capital stock to provide the shows of economic war for the transition period is partly due to the fact that, in order to conserve the money market for war loans, there is an absolute prohibition against the issuing of bonds.

In all these cases, state control—its first duty to the state, to keep unnecessary new stock issues out of the market in order to prevent the diversion of liquid capital from future war loans—faces a delicate problem. Of utmost significance for coming economic developments in Germany, during the end phase of the war and into the reconstruction period, there is here noticeable a struggle between diametrically opposite forces—state control striving to keep business in a straitjacket as long as the empire needs funds to prosecute the war; irresistible economic forces, instinct of self-preservation, driving business to seek new capital for the post-bellum period; and the new money half way by the large remnant of liquid capital which shies at war loans and seeks other forms of investment.

Business will not be denied its vital demands for new capital. Here is one of the few forces in changing Germany today which appear to be stronger than state control. Stimulating Speculation. The system has had the unexpected tendency of stimulating speculation in stocks, which, in the interest of future war loans, it was intended to check by keeping new stock issues out of the market. For the State license permitting the formation of new companies or the capital stock increase of old ones is interpreted by the public as equivalent to an imperial guarantee of their soundness, making them at once a favorite object with the speculative public.

Nor has drastic official control of the Bourse succeeded in suppressing speculation or prevented the legitimate flow of liquid capital into stock investments. Instead of war loans, State control has had one of its hardest struggles of the war in trying to master the stock market and keep it under curb and bit. The beginning of 1918 sees the recently organized stock market twisting and straining to get free from its new official straitjacket, which has strangled the war boom and left sobbing speculation gasping and depressed temporarily.

Characteristic of Germany undergoing revolutionary war changes is that everything is in a state of flux; nothing finished, nothing that can be regarded as a permanent emergence. One transition phase merges into another; emergency measure follows emergency measure, only to prove inadequate in turn. With the control of the stock market, as with food control and all other State control of economic forces, each succeeding reform reveals the need of a new reform.

The Berlin Bourse was officially closed at the outbreak of the war, and officially it was not reopened until November, 1917. Near-sighted officialdom, never suspecting that speculation would not quietly submit to its paper death sentence for the duration of the war, left the premises of the Stock Exchange open to members "for conference purposes." The "conferences" quickly took the form of a wide open, uncontrolled, unofficial "cash" market doing a bigger volume of trading than in peace times and providing adequate machinery for an almost continuous unofficial bull movement, culminating in the mad boom year of 1917, providing also peculiar facilities for shearing the unprotected public.

NUXATED IRON

You can tell the difference between a healthy and a weak woman. Healthy women are full of life, energy, and vigor. Weak women are pale, listless, and nervous. Nuxated Iron is the only medicine that builds up the blood, strengthens the nerves, and gives you the strength and energy you need. It is the only medicine that is safe for women and children. It is the only medicine that is made from natural ingredients. It is the only medicine that is guaranteed to work. It is the only medicine that is sold in every drug store.

GET THAT COLD OFF YOUR CHEST

Stop That Cough! Check That Grippe! Use Dr. King's New Discovery. Millions of people have found in this nation-wide standard remedy a long-sought effective means of relieving coughs, colds and grippe without inconvenient after-effects. For fifty years it has sold for fifty cents a bottle. For fifty years it has warranted off the dangers of neglected colds, unchecked coughs. For fifty years it has stopped impending colds before they had a chance to develop. Equally effective for grippy adults and croupy children. A bottle in your medicine cabinet is the best known safeguard against cold and cough dangers. Sold by druggists everywhere.

The Evils of Constipation

Leaving waste material in the body poisons the system and blood and makes you liable to sick headaches, biliousness, nervousness and moody skin. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills. Prompt relief. Still 25c at all druggists.—ADV.

JAPAN CELEBRATES SENDING OF HER FIRST EMBASSY TO U. S.

American Ambassador Presents Wreath in Commemoration of Sixtieth Anniversary. TOKIO, Feb. 12 (By A. P.).—The sixtieth anniversary of the sending of the first Japanese embassy to the United States was suitably observed today by a commemorative ceremony at the grave of Ambassador Nimino-kami, feudal lord of Busen, first Japanese envoy to the United States.

American Ambassador Morris presented a beautiful wreath and planted a pine tree in commemoration of the day.

Queen Incubators

Hatch Chicks That Live and Grow. SOLD BY ST. LOUIS SEED CO. 411 Washington Av.

Bluhm

Green Chile Cheese for breakfast, lunch—or supper!

Stunning Easter Suits

Beginning Tomorrow Morning Tremendous Sale Women's & Misses' Most Remarkable Event of Its Kind Ever Featured Before Easter—Hundreds of Suits at the One Price

A timely event that will be appreciated by hundreds of local fashionables—without exception, the finest suits that have been seen in the city at the price, \$25, this season.

In the Newest and Most Correct Styles, Fabrics and Spring Colors

Not dozens, but hundreds and hundreds—in every variation of the newest style-expressions that have been accepted as smart. Suits that in any other shop would cost far more.

Sale Begins When the Doors Open at 8:30 Tomorrow Morning—The Most Amazing Suit Values Ever Featured at the Price of \$25.00

Free Alterations—In Time for Easter

New Pony Suits, New Bolero Suits, New Tailored Suits, New Norfolk Suits, New Poplin Suits, New Eton Suits, New Belled Suits, Wool Serges, Gabardines, Fine Poplins, Smart Tweeds, Jersey, Fancy Checks, Oxford, Broad Trimmed, Button Trimmed, Peau de Cygne, Fancy Lined, Master Suits, Junior Sizes, Women's Sizes, Sand Shades, New Rookie, Pekin Blue, Navy Blue, Beige and Tan, Quaker Gray, New Browns.

Vandervoort's—The Easter Store

For Easter Beautiful New Georgette Blouses in the charming Spring Shades and Models are priced upward from \$5.75

One of the Newest, a Georgette Blouse, beautifully beaded, hand-embroidered and tucked, in Peach, Gray and French Blue. \$8.75

Blouse Shop—Third Floor.

Sorosis Shoes to Wear With Your Easter Frocks

One of the chief appointments of a woman's attire is her footwear. She chooses wisely when she chooses SOROSIS—known the world over for their superior workmanship, choice materials and smart styles.

The new Spring models include the High Shoe illustrated, which may be had in white, black or gray kid, gray suede, tan or brown calf. Price \$14.00

Shoe Shop—Second Floor.

Attractive New Floor Lamps

Mahogany finish, two lights, an attractive design \$7.50

Colonial design, mahogany finish, two lights \$9.00

Heavy substantial Lamps with new design shaft and base, mahogany finish, \$12.50

Black lacquered, with gold and floral decorated design \$12.50

Silk Shades in the newest and most beautiful shapes and shades of rose and gold silk, suitable for various size lamps \$7.50 \$12.50 \$17.50

Art Shop—Fourth Floor.

A Special Sale of Silk Petticoats at \$2.98

Habutai Wash Silk Petticoats made with a sheared and tucked flounce, trimmed at foot with a small plaiting, slightly scalloped and edged with a narrow ruffle.

A splendid skirt for general wear. The colors are white, flesh and various street shades. Petticoat Shop—Third Floor.

Boys' (2) Pa Suits \$6 for .. \$3.88

Gray, blue, green and brown mixtures and black and white. Shepherd checks, Trench, tweed with slash pockets and plain Norfolk. Sizes 2 to 12. \$3.88

Nice, clean patterns, good cassimeres; well made to resist hard wear; sizes 6 to 12.

Armstrong's Linoleum Made for Every Room \$1.10 Four-Year

Armstrong's Genuine Linoleum comes four years from roll; as many as 100 different patterns; selection of patterns; Wednesdays, per square yard.

Bird & Sons' N

A high-grade floor cover as Neponset brand is well guaranteed. Many of the higher linoleum patterns are beautiful variety of patterns and colors.

For Your Home

Rugs- Brussels Rugs, size 9x12. Seamless Persian and small all-over designs—**\$17.95**
Axminster Rugs—Soft deep pile in Chinese, small all-over and Oriental effects, size 9x12—**\$27.50**

Linoleums- Genuine Cork Linoleum, two yards wide, black, tile and hardwood patterns, 9x12—**59c**
Four-Yard-Wide Linoleum, cover your room without a seam. Square yard—**68c**

J.H. Tiemeyer
CARPET CO.
EST. 1871 514 LOCUST ST.
The Only Exclusive Retail Carpet House in St. Louis.

Easter Specials

\$2.50 Tablecloths
High round scalloped damask; bordered all around; 12x18—**\$1.79**
ST. LOUIS BARGAIN CENTER
Penny & Gentles
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.
98c Table Damask
64 inches wide; bleached, bordered, beautiful patterns; per yard—**69c**

Buy Your Easter Coat Now
Real \$7.50 to \$15 Values
in Three Great Lots

\$7.50 Coats \$5.00
\$10.00 Coats \$7.98
\$15.00 Coats \$9.98

Dashing new Spring Coats bought for about actual cost of the cloth; stylish, full-fashioned models of poplin, serge, novelty mixtures, two-tone plaids, shepherd checks, etc.; come in pretty range of colors and all sizes.

\$7.50 Silk Skirts Handsome two-tone plaids, stripes and solid color taffeta and silk tulle; in big range of pretty color combinations—**\$5.00**
Children's Coats Dainty little silk coats, attractively fashioned and trimmed in rose, green, pink, Copenhagen and navy; sizes 2 to 6 years, **\$3.98** to **\$7.98**

Silk Lisle Hose Women's black and colored hose of quality but slightly imperfect; 60c value; pair—**35c**
\$1.00 Hose Women's Silk Hose; Full fashioned; regular and out sizes—**98c**
2 O'Clock Special Men's, Women's and Children's Hose; 25c value but slightly imperfect—**15c**
\$3 Kid Gloves Women's 1-clasp Kid Gloves; plaid and contrasting stitching; in all sizes—**\$2.25**
35c to 50c Ribbons All-silk moires, satins and taffetas; wide widths; 2 1/2 yds. per yard—**29c**
New Neckwear In satin collars, also georgettes, pique and organdies—**59c**
98c Hand Purses All-leather Purses, new flat style, back strap Purses; special—**59c**

Boys' (2 Pants) Suits \$6.85 for ..
Gray, blue, green and brown mixtures and black and white shepherd checks, French hatters with slash pockets and plain Norfolk, sizes 2 to 12, **\$3.88**
Nice, clean patterns, good cassimeres; well made to resist hard wear; sizes 6 to 12.

Lace Curtains Nottingham Lace Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long; overlapped edge; worth 50c; on sale, pair—**49c**
Scotch Lace Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long; worth \$2.00; on sale, pair—**\$1.25**
Pile and Saxony Net Curtains, 2 1/2 and 3 yards long; white and ecru; worth \$3; on sale, pair—**\$1.98**
Curtain Scrims and Voiles, white and ecru; fancy openwork borders; worth 25c; on sale, yard—**15c**

\$1.69 to \$2 Taffeta More new shades just received: yard-wide chiffon Taffetas, new pearl and battleship gray; new rose shades, French blues, Russian and Belgian, navy, Copenhagen and reseda greens, new sand tans, new wine shades, gold tints and others; yard—**\$1.98**
40-inch; all colors; \$1.59 to \$2.00 values—**\$1.39**
\$3 Wool Poplins 40-inch; all colors; \$1.59 to \$2.00 values—**\$1.39**
Crepe de Chine 36-inch Satin Duchesse, fast black—**\$1.69**
\$2.00 Satins 40-inch; rich, lustrous fast black—**\$1.69**

Armstrong's Linoleums Made for Every Room in the House
\$1.10 Four-Yard-Wide Armstrong's Genuine Cork Linoleum; comes four yards wide; cut from roll; as many yards as desired; beautiful selection of patterns; Wednesday, per square yard—**69c**
Bird & Sons' Neponset A high-grade floor covering known as Neponset brand is extra heavy weight; guaranteed to outwear many of the higher grade cork linoleums; beautiful variety of patterns and colors; per square yard—**45c**
Child's \$2 Sample Shoes, \$1.39 Women's \$4 and \$4.50 Low Shoes—**\$2.95**
Again Wednesday we offer Women's Patent and Dull Spot Pumps at less than the cost of the material in them; Newest styles; all sizes—**\$2.95**
Girls' \$2.00 and \$2.25 White Canvas English Lace Shoes; sizes 1 1/2 to 2, \$1.69; sizes 2 1/2 to 3, \$1.49
Girls' \$2.50 Patent and Dull Spot Shoes; sizes 1 1/2 to 2, \$1.95; sizes 2 1/2 to 3, \$1.89
Boys' Patent Colt Button Shoes, for Easter wear; sizes 1 to 5 1/2, \$2.29; sizes 5 1/2 to 13 1/2, \$1.79
Women's \$1.75 Dongola Kid House Slippers; Juliet and strap styles; all sizes—**\$1.39**

TWO REPORT LOSSES ON CARS

Woman Says Purse Was Taken From Handbag When Shopping.
Ben Sheiber of 1408 Pendleton avenue, told the police that pickpockets took a pay envelope containing \$25 from him on a Wellington car last night. Miss Lucie Beck, 1028 Hamilton avenue, reported that she lost a purse containing \$10.55 on a Hodiament car.
Miss Veronica Brunner, 3306 South Eighteenth street, told the police that a purse and \$3.75 were taken from her handbag when she was shopping at Broadway and Washington avenue in the afternoon.

Benefit Entertainment Friday.
The annual entertainment for the benefit of the German Protestant Orphans' Home on the St. Charles road will be given Friday evening and Saturday afternoon at the Odéon, under the direction of Miss Eugenia Getner. Professional talent will take part in the program. Herman C. Kraemann is chairman of the Committee of Arrangements.

PASSAGE OF U. R. BILL FRIDAY ANTICIPATED

Amended 30-Year Franchise Measure Returned to Aldermen by Public Service Board.

The passage of the United Railways 30-year franchise bill at Friday's meeting of the Board of Aldermen is anticipated, following the action of the Board of Public Service, yesterday afternoon, in sending the Aldermen the bill in its amended and approved form.

If the bill is passed Friday, the Mayor can sign it 10 days after receiving it, or within the 20 days following the end of the 10-day period. Thirty days would then be allowed for the filing of referendum petitions with signature of 2 per cent of the registered voters, and 30 days more for the additional 5 per cent needed to complete the referendum. Barring the possibility of a referendum, the measure would go into effect about June 1.

The amendments approved by the Board of Public Service do not affect the franchise period, ending April 12, 1948, or the \$60,000,000 valuation, on the basis of which the city would have the right of purchase. The mill tax and other franchise taxes are abolished, and a tax of 1/2 of 1 per cent on gross income is substituted, with the provision that this can be increased to a maximum of 3 per cent. The payment of the accrued mill tax, \$2,300,000, within 10 years and from the company's shares of the net earnings, is also provided for.

Of the amendments approved by the Board of Public Service, one provides that the company must keep its accounts according to a system approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission or the State Public Service Commission. The other provides that the Circuit Court may appoint an arbitrator between the company and the city, on the proposed board of control, if the St. Louis Court of Appeals fails or refuses to do so. These amendments were suggested by President Aloe of the Board of Aldermen.

The bill, as prepared today for publication, as part of the official city printing, has about 17,000 words, or more than 2400 newspaper lines. The cost of its publication, several hundred dollars, will probably fall on the company, under an ordinance which makes this requirement in the case of bills for private benefit.

OPPOSE RELEASING SCHOOL CHILDREN FOR WORK ON FARM

Missouri Children's Code Commission Speakers Say Plan Is Not Effective.

At a conference of the Missouri Children's Code Commission at Central Library today, presided over by former Circuit Judge Rhodes E. Cave, the plan adopted last year of releasing children from school early in the spring to work on farms was condemned. Prof. J. D. Ellis of the University of Missouri said many pupils took advantage of the plan only to spend the time in idleness.

Farmers also exploited the school-boy labor, paying the workers trifling wages and giving them poor accommodations, according to W. H. Swift, legal adviser of the National Child Labor Commission.

Opposition to the employment of girls as telegraph messengers also was expressed by the conference. Mrs. Harry C. January declared this employment, excused by the telegraph companies as a war necessity, was not at all necessary.

The conference discussed measures relating to child labor and education. County Boards of Welfare, the protection of children, State supervision of children's institutions and other measures upon which the commission will ask for legislation by the next Legislature.

Science—Religion—Education.
Refresh your minds on facts and figures. Prepare for arguments, with the 1918 World and Post-Dispatch Almanac—big war information edition—now on sale at the Post-Dispatch counter and at all news stands. Price 25c, by mail 25c.

SPANISH WAR VETERAN ENLISTS

R. E. Reeder, Former St. Louisan, Is Father of Five Children.

Relatives here have been informed of the enlistment in the Quartermaster's Department of Ray E. Reeder, who formerly lived at 4328 De Soto avenue and who is the father of five children, the oldest of which is 16 years old.
Reeder, a musician, has been living in New Orleans. He was in the Spanish-American War. Charles A. Reeder, another brother, the father of three children, has enlisted in an engineers' unit.

THAT PARAMOUNT CIGAR

The noble Raleigh, who first bore the "kingly opiate" to our shore. Had he lived three centuries more in Paramount's praise his muse would soar.

No "German" Bank Name Left Here.
With the formal change yesterday of the name of German-American Bank to the "United States Bank of St. Louis" the word "German" no longer remains in the title of any banking institution in the city. The German Savings Institution changed its name some time ago to the Liberty Bank of St. Louis.

Indiana Dry Law Is Upheld.
GARY, Ind., March 26 (By A. P.).—The Indiana state-wide prohibition law was declared constitutional by Superior Court Judge C. E. Greenwood in a suit for an injunction against enforcement of the measure. The case will go to the Supreme Court immediately.

ALTON GIRL KILLED AT DENVER

Miss Emma Caldwell Injured Fatally in Auto Accident.

Relatives have received word of the death of Miss Emma Caldwell of Alton in an automobile accident in Denver, Colo. Miss Caldwell was a sister of C. A. Caldwell, cashier of the Alton National Bank.

Miss Caldwell had been visiting in Denver and was expected to be home within a week.

Watches and Diamonds on credit. Leftis Bros. & Co., 24 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

66 LOST WITH BRITISH SWEEPER

Sinking of Sloop Through Striking Mine Announced.

LONDON, March 26 (By A. P.).—The Admiralty announces the sinking of a mine-sweeping sloop through striking a mine on Friday last. Two officers and 64 men were lost.

Negro Lynched in North Carolina.
NORFOLK, Va., March 26 (By A. P.).—News has reached here that Peter Hazenore, a negro, 19 years old, who was said to have confessed

Tobacco Habit

Cocaine is highly addictive. It is a powerful stimulant, and its use leads to physical and mental deterioration. It is a habit that is hard to break, and its effects are often fatal. The only way to overcome it is by using a powerful medicine like LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN.

Heal Skin Troubles

That Itch and Burn with Cuticura. The Soap to cleanse and purify. The Ointment to soothe and heal. Everywhere Soap 25c Ointment 75c.

We Are Sales Agents for
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens
Ask to See the Safety, Self-Filling and Regular Types.
A. S. ALOE CO., 513 OLIVE ST.



Your Glass of Coca-Cola
represents materials allotted and authorized by Mr. Hoover and your Government after conservation has taken its heavy toll. The Coca-Cola Company accepts its war duty as a privilege and, although reduced in output, is endeavoring to maintain its usefulness as industry.
We address ourselves to common justice in requesting you, if you order Coca-Cola, to insist upon the genuine. Don't let a subtle imitation creep in to take advantage of our shortened output by passing itself off as a substitute.
When you order, order by its full name—Coca-Cola, and accept nothing else.
To the Dealer:
If you are unable sometimes to get Coca-Cola or always to get your full quota, we ask you to bear with us, remembering that your troubles are ours, in trying to supply normal trade with a restricted output—and remembering that the sacrifice for conservation must fall on all of us alike—dealer, manufacturer and consumer.
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

After Your Child is 3 Years Old
The sweet liquid laxatives on the market are prepared especially for infants and after a child reaches the age of two or three years it needs something stronger than the weak syrup laxatives now on the market.
LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN fills this long-felt want. It regulates the bowels without griping or disturbing the stomach. A Liquid Digestive Laxative. Pleasant to Take.

LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN
Really Acts On The Liver
One of the principal ingredients in LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN is an Extract of May Apple Root. Any physician will tell you that the medicinal properties of May Apple Root is the only vegetable known to Medical Science that acts on the liver very much like Calomel without the nauseating effect of Calomel or risk of salivation. Therefore the May Apple Root Extract in this palatable liquid makes it good for any of the family who are bilious.
Good for the Child, good for the Mother, good for the Household. 50c per bottle.
LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN is made and recommended to the public by **PARIS MEDICINE CO., Manufacturers of LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE AND GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, St. Louis, Mo.**

SORE THROAT

Colds, Coughs, Croup and Catarrh Relieved in Two Minutes
Is your throat sore?
Breathe Hyomel.
Have you catarrh?
Breathe Hyomel.
Have you a cough?
Breathe Hyomel.
Have you a cold?
Breathe Hyomel.

Hyomel is the one treatment for all nose, throat and lung troubles. It does not contain any cocaine or morphine and all that is necessary is to breathe it through the little pocket inhaler that comes with each outfit.
A complete outfit costs but little, and Hyomel is guaranteed to relieve catarrh, croup, coughs, colds, sore throat and bronchitis or move back. A Hyomel Inhaler lasts a lifetime and extra bottles of Hyomel can be obtained from druggists.—ADV.

To Quickly Remove Ugly Hairs From Face

(Beauty Notes)
Heavily-destraining hairs are soon banished from the skin with the aid of a delicate paste made by mixing some water with a little plain powdered talc. This is spread upon the hairy surface for 2 or 3 minutes. Then rubbed off and the skin washed to remove the remaining talc. This simple treatment banishes every trace of hair and leaves the skin without a blemish. Caution should be used to be certain that it is talc, not soap, you use.—ADV.

The Spring-Time Tonic
For Nervous, Weak Men and Women Is
CADOMENE TABLETS
Sold by All Druggists.
—ADVERTISEMENT.

Phone Your Want to the Post-Dispatch
Call 6600—Olive or Central
Or leave the Want Ad With Your Druggist

ALLEGED PRO-GERMANS ARE FORCED TO KISS U. S. FLAG

Volunteer Vigilant Committee of 400 Men and 50 Women in Ohio Demonstration.

LIMA, O., March 25 (By A. P.).—Five business men of Delphos, a German settlement in Western Allen county, near here, accused of pro-Germanism were hunted out by a volunteer vigilance committee of 400 men and 50 women of the town, taken into a brilliantly lighted downtown street and forced to publicly salute and kiss the American flag last night.

Three others, also business men, escaped from the mob.

Barney Lindemann, wealthy shoe merchant, was the first taken. After a flag had been nailed to the door of his store he held the mob at bay with a revolver, from his apartment over the place. Police chief Clark Thompson induced him to come to the street at the request of the committee. He was forced to kiss the flag and salute it twice. He was told that if the flag was removed from his store he would be

thrown into a nearby canal and drowned. Lindemann reports here say, had refused to buy Liberty Bonds.

Efforts to find Carl Jettinger, publisher of the Delphos Herald, were futile but the committee nailed a flag to his door. They charged he had not printed matter for the Liberty Loan in his paper. He is president of the Buckeye Printers' Association.

Henry Schwartzengraber, retired merchant, was dragged from the lobby of a hotel and made to kiss and salute the flag. Next door John Kohler, wealthy German farmer, was taken from a saloon and forced to go through the public demonstration.

Convicts Subscribe for Stamps.

Convicts in the Missouri Penitentiary at Jefferson City subscribed to more than \$1000 worth of thrift stamps Sunday afternoon after. A Lyman Donlin of St. Louis, secretary of the Missouri Federation of Commercial Clubs, made a four-minute patriotic speech to 2700 inmates in the prison yard. Donlin's talk was part of a thrift stamp campaign which he had conducted in Jefferson City.

MISS MARY LAMBERT TO MARRY OFFICER

Engagement to Maj. R. B. Fairchild of Waco, Tex., Announced at San Antonio.

An interesting engagement announced last Saturday in San Antonio, is that of Miss Mary Lambert of St. Louis to Maj. Ralph Fairchild. Miss Lambert, with her mother, has been spending the late winter in San Antonio, and the announcement was made at a luncheon given by them at the St. Anthony Hotel.

Miss Lambert is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wilson Lambert of 8470 Forsythe boulevard, and since her debut three seasons ago has been one of the most attractive members of society. She attended Mary Institute and finished her education at an eastern school.

Maj. Fairchild is from Waco, Tex., but is at present stationed at Camp Travis, near San Antonio, with the

MATRON WORKING FOR BENEFIT PLAY

Her Alleged Disloyal Utterances Aroused Ire of Neighbors in Illinois Town.



Kandeler Photo. MRS. ALBERT BRUEGGEEMAN.

245th regiment, and is one of the youngest Majors in the service.

Mrs. Lambert and her daughter are expected to return to the city on Tuesday, when plans for the wedding, which will take place the middle of April, will be completed.

Miss Lambert will be the second member of her family to wed within a few months, as her brother, Arthur W. Lambert Jr., was married to Miss Lamiza Breckenridge on Thanksgiving day. Her other brothers are William Henry Lambert, and Samuel Breckenridge Lambert.

Social Items

Mrs. Albert Brueggeman of 4218 Westminster place, who has been instrumental in the success of the Little Theatre movement in St. Louis, is at present devoting much time to designing artistic costumes for Violette Wilson, who will take the leading role in "Art and Opportunity," at the Victoria Theater, on April 10. The play will be presented by the Players and the proceeds will be given to the Red Cross. Miss Wilson, who is the wife of Irving Pichel, director of the Artists' Guild Theater, has appeared with marked success in several of the Guild plays this winter. Mrs. Ellis Fischel is chairman of the committee in charge of the play and Mrs. Charles Peterson Pettus has charge of the sale of boxes.

Mrs. Eugene Field of Chicago, widow of the poet, is spending several days with her brother, E. V. Comstock, and niece, Miss Georgia Comstock, of 4432 Washington boulevard. Mrs. Field has been visiting her son, Lieut. Roosevelt Field, who is at a military training camp in the South.

Mrs. Hugh McKittick Jones of the McKnight and Clayton roads has returned from a several weeks' visit to Oklahoma, where she went to be near her husband, Capt. Jones, who is stationed at Fort Sill.

Mrs. M. W. Bradley of Chicago is the guest of her mother, Mrs. George W. Cale, of 6170 Berlin avenue. Mrs. Bradley was Miss Madeleine Cale before her marriage last October.

Miss Isabel Kingsland, Bonsack daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Bonsack of 4531 Westminster place, was hostess to a number of her school friends at a box party on Saturday at the Maternity Hospital benefit at the Lorcel Theater.

Capt. and Mrs. J. F. Oberwinder, who have been staying at the Jefferson Hotel for several days, will depart Thursday for Lawton, where Mrs. Oberwinder will remain while her husband is stationed at Fort Sill.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Steger of 5502 Maple avenue have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lucy Steger, to Albert E. Nay, son of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Nay of 6311 Washington boulevard, on March 22. Mr. and Mrs. Nay will be at home after April 19 at 6311 Washington boulevard.

The Liederkreis Club will entertain with an Easter party on Saturday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock for the children of members and their friends, and on Sunday the Easter celebration will be an informal dinner dance from 7 until 12 o'clock for members and guests.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Carroll of 4039 Shaw avenue have with them their son, Sergt. Francis X. Carroll, who is home from Camp Funston on leave.

Miss Vera Grahl and Miss Helen Kruger gave a miscellaneous shower at the home of Mrs. Oscar Grahl, 4473 Delmar boulevard, in honor of Mrs. Paul Thias of Cape Girardeau, Mo., on Sunday afternoon. Those present were: Meses. Oscar Grahl, H. Homrighausen, H. B. Baldwin, C. Trites, C. Kaempf, H. T. Hughes and C. Stevens, and Miss Lydia Nespey. Mrs. Thias was formerly Miss Ruth Hodgins of St. Louis.

The Catholic Women's Association, Council of National Defense, entertained the soldiers of Jefferson Barracks Sunday at the Knights of Columbus Building, with a music program. Edwin Schwebel, Miss Helen Plunkett, Mrs. Agnes Roach, Robert J. Sharpe, Mrs. Adelaide Kaufman, the Messrs. Berry, Mrs. P. S. Gill and Mrs. Joseph Lynch took part.

WOMAN RIDDEN ON RAIL, FORCED TO CARRY FLAG

Her Alleged Disloyal Utterances Aroused Ire of Neighbors in Illinois Town.

In a loyalty demonstration at West Frankfort, Ill., 80 miles southeast of St. Louis, Mrs. Frances Pergen, a native of Bohemia, was ridden on a rail and made to cheer for President Wilson and the United States while holding a flag in each hand.

It was alleged that while waiting for mail at the postoffice window she said she hoped every American sent to France would be killed and that the people of the United States would starve to death if the Kaiser didn't win the war. Henry Baker, a one-legged man, challenged her remarks and in a struggle between them Mrs. Pergen fell to the floor.

Public Paid Baker's Fine. Both were arrested. Baker was fined on an assault charge and citi-

zens of the town made up a purse and paid his fine. Mrs. Pergen was fined \$210 after lawyers had refused to defend her. When she was found guilty a crowd took her from the court officers and the rail-riding followed.

Later she was taken before a United States Commissioner and ordered held for the grand jury on a disloyalty charge.

Demonstration at Duquoin. At Duquoin, Ill., in the same coal-mining belt, there was an all-day loyalty demonstration yesterday. A platform was erected in the public square and four men were forced to kiss the flag and swear allegiance to it.

In the afternoon there was a mass meeting in the public square and ministers, Red Cross officials and Liberty Loan workers made speeches. Jacob Lust, a farmer, was brought from his home four miles from the town and forced to mount the platform and make a public apology for remarks he was alleged to have made. All the saloons in Duquoin are closed and extra policemen are on duty.

At Christopher, a coal mining town, near Duquoin, women are said to have organized a loyalty league to punish other women alleged to have made disloyal utterances.

Truck Dependability

Right from the start the wonderful Dorris Valve-in-Head Motor proved unfailingly dependable. In the 13 years since, it has not been necessary to change a single fundamental.

You will profit by the dependable motor in your Dorris Truck.

Dorris Motor Car Co.

Factory and Salesrooms

Laclede and Sarah :: :: St. Louis

"Built Up to a Standard, Not Down to a Price."



LIBERTY WORSE THAN JAIL

Fugitive Glad to Return, After Hardships of Concealment.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 23.—C. Laza, who escaped from the East Side jail several days ago, waited too long before making his break for liberty, and when he got out he ran into a strip of rainy weather.

Afraid to make a break for the open country, he inhabited the underbrush in the vicinity of Mount Washington for several days and finally, half starved and dripping wet with rain, he made his way to the East Side jail again, rang the bell and asked to be taken back into the fold where baked potatoes, hot soup and a dry bunk could be had.

For Itching Torture

There is one remedy that fails to stop itching torture and skin irritation and that makes skin soft, clean and healthy.

Any druggist can supply you with zemo, which generally cures skin diseases. Acne, eczema, pimples, rashes, blackheads in most cases give way to zemo. Frequently, zemo stops itching instantly. Zemo is an antiseptic liquid, clean, easy to use, and costs only 35¢ a bottle, \$1.00 a large bottle. It will not make your skin greasy or sticky and is perfectly safe for tender, sensitive skins. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

Only Best Butter Is As Good

With Vegaco on your table or in your kitchen, you can laugh at the high cost of butter. Vegaco saves you 25 cents a pound.

VEGACO

is made principally of coconut and peanut oils churned in pasteurized milk.

Any part of the pound you do not like, get your money back. Ask Your Dealer for it Today. Crown Margarine Company, Virginia & Park Aves., St. Louis, Mo. See It Made and You Will Like It. Our Plant Welcomes You At Any Time.

Irwin's

509 WASHINGTON AVE.

With Easter Only 4 Days Away—Interest Centers in Apparel at LOWER Prices

Striking Economies in Spring Suits

\$17.50
\$22.50
\$25.00

Eton, ripple Suits, high waistline, belted and double-peplum effects, cleverest tailored models, of fine tricotine, gabardine, serges, poplins, tweeds, checks and army cloth, as well as silk taffeta; all sizes and colors.

Beautiful—Inexpensive—Becoming Easter Hats

Hats that are far removed from the commonplace. Copies and adaptation of the late style, successful of New York. It is only a question of choosing the most becoming.

\$5 \$7.50 \$10

Children's Easter Hats at \$1.50 to \$5.00

Georgette & Crepe de Chine BLOUSES

See if you can find their equal anywhere \$3.75

Silk Georgette, and that isn't all, for they are beaded and embroidered beautifully, also exquisite Crepe de Chine Waists in Spring colors.

Blouses at \$2.75

Georgette and Crepe de Chine Waists worth considerably more; Spring colorings.

Blouses at 95c

50 different styles in Wash Waists; dimity stripes and white voiles; tailored, lace trimmed and embroidered.

WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS

Sensenbrenner's

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES

WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS



Two "Worthmor" Suits at \$19.75 Are Shown

Two "Worthmor" Coats at \$19.75 Are Shown

A Few Important Reasons Why You Should Buy

"Worthmor" SUITS COATS \$19.75

\$22.50 to \$25 Values

The variety shown is very large—every fashion favorite of the season is included. Every style is a reproduction of a far more expensive model, and is identical in exclusiveness and individuality.

Among the Suits you will find serges, wool velours and jerseys, wool poplins, checks and taffetas; the Coats come in wool poplins and velours, checks and novelties.

And finally—as this is the line we specialize in—and we are sole St. Louis agents—we are able to give

Positive \$22.50 to \$25 Values for Only \$19.75

Plain Pumps

PATENT TAN CALF DULL KID GRAY KID \$4 to \$6

Small perforated designs or plain opera effects with high French Louis heels in leather or wooden covered. All have hand-turned soles.

New Oxfords

PATENT WHITE KID BROWN KID \$5 to \$7

Exclusive new models with high arch, the newest discovered French Louis heels and hand-turned soles.

Girls' Pumps

\$1.75 to \$3.50

Choice of patent or full leathers, trimmed with the newest of buckles or bows, in last step strap, bar strap or ankle strap effects. All sizes from 8 1/2 to 2 and 2 1/2 to 7.

Girls' White Boots

\$1.50 to \$3

English or round toe white canvas styles, in plain or leather-trimmed last strap styles; white canvas soles and heels; all sizes from 8 1/2 to 2 and 2 1/2 to 7.

CHILDREN'S AID CAMPAIGN FOR

Organization Here supported Largely of Christmas C

The Children's Aid Society today launched a campaign to raise on its work among needy children. Hitchcock, president. Mrs. Clarkson Pott of the various teams of the work. The workers will

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OLD J COF ROASTED MEYER BROS. CO ST. LOU

For Itching Torture
There is one remedy that relieves itching and that makes the skin clear and healthy.
Any druggist can supply you with it, which generally overcomes the itching, rashes, blackheads in most cases. It is a cream, and is applied to the affected part. It is a most effective liquid, clean, easy to use, and it costs only 35c. It is a most effective liquid, clean, easy to use, and it costs only 35c. It is a most effective liquid, clean, easy to use, and it costs only 35c.

NEW SPRING CLOTHING FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN ON CREDIT
ONE DOLLAR WEEK
We give you the best of everything at one dollar a week. We give you the best of everything at one dollar a week. We give you the best of everything at one dollar a week.



EDIT THING CO.
ROADWAY
WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS

Pumps
FULL KID GRAY KID



Oxfords
TE KID BROWN KID



Pumps
\$1.75 to \$3.50

Choice of patent or dull leathers, trimmed with the newest of buckles or bows, in in-step strap, bar strap or ankle strap effects. All sizes from 4 1/2 to 2 and 2 1/2 to 7.

Girls' White Boots
\$1.50 to \$3

English or round toe white canvas styles, in plain or leather, trimmed with strap styles; white canvas soles and heels; all sizes from 4 1/2 to 2 and 2 1/2 to 7.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY START CAMPAIGN FOR \$25,000 FUND

Organization heretofore has been supported largely by collections of Christmas Carol Singers. The Children's Aid Society of St. Louis today launched a three-day campaign to raise \$25,000 to carry on its work among homeless and needy children. Mrs. George C. Hitchcock, president of the society, Mrs. Clarkson Potter, and captain of the various teams are directing the work. The workers will meet daily at 1

p. m. at luncheon at Hotel Statler to receive reports. The Children's Aid Society was organized in 1899. This is the first time it has ever made a public campaign for funds, having been supported in the past by occasional contributions and the proceeds of the Christmas Carol Singers. The work of the society is among children of all races, creeds and nationalities. Permanent homes are found for many children. Others are cared for temporarily in boarding homes, nursed through illness, sent for a summer in the country, supplied with clothing and otherwise aided. The demands upon the society have greatly increased, it is stated.

J. G. LONSDALE'S HOME ROBBED

Burglar Gets \$2600 in Loot While Banker's Family Is at Dinner. While the family of John G. Lonsdale, president of the National Bank of Commerce, was at dinner last night a burglar ransacked rooms on the second floor of their residence at 4616 Lindell boulevard and stole jewelry valued at \$2500 and two \$100 certificates of stock. Two maids discovered the robber in Mrs. Lonsdale's room and he jumped from a window and escaped. Apparently he had gained entrance by climbing a back porch and going through a window.

LAUDER SOARS FROM FUN TO PATRIOTISM

Unique Comedian Follows Songs and Stories With Fiery Speech.

By RICHARD L. STOKES. THE familiar Harry Lauder of the inimitable songs and anecdotes, and Harry Lauder in a new embodiment, that of a flaming orator in the cause of liberty, were present at the American Theater yesterday, when the famous Scotch comedian began an engagement of six matinee and night performances, to end Wednesday night. He stated from the stage, in bidding an affectionate adieu to St. Louis, that this is probably his last, and certainly his next to last, appearance here. He is on his way to the Pacific coast, where he promises to visit this city on his trip across the continent next year. In both manifestations of personality, Lauder displayed that uncanny virtuosity in sweeping all the chords of the emotions which makes him almost unique among entertainers. Under his sure and brilliant touch this audience, grown so responsive as a violin, now pealed with mirth and now vibrated to pathos; it throbbled with sentiment and then reverberated to patriotic passion. The secret of his magnetism seems to lie in the union of keen intellectual gifts with that sincerity, simplicity and warmth of heart which characterize the truest artists.

Since his last visit here, Lauder has suffered the bereavement of losing his only son, Capt. John Lauder, who was killed in action in France. The conscientious gusto with which he went through the preliminary comedicalities of his act recalled his heroism in making an entertainment tour among the British billets in France soon after his son's death. There was none of the unmanly wailing of a Canio in "I Pagliacci" over the necessity of playing the comedian with a breaking heart. Yet few could have been unaware of a stress underlying Lauder's fun. In fact, it soon began to emerge and finally burst forth into the most trumpet-like patriotic exhortation that a St. Louis theater audience has heard since the beginning of the war.

Audience Joins in Singing. He began with a group of songs in his old style, interspersed with characteristic stories and amusing anecdotes. "I'm going to marry 'Arry on the Fifth of January" was the opener; then, dressed as a briny old salt, he warbled: "I Love to Be a Sailor." In this song he got more laughs out of the simple process of lighting his pipe than many fun-makers could win in an evening of strenuous effort. "The Wiggie, Wiggie, Waggle of the Kilt" was illustrated with appropriate flirts of his own Scotch garments. The audience was cleverly teased into joining him in singing "We'll Go Home the Same Way."

Here the war began to introduce itself into the program. "The Ladies Who Fought and Won" started what grew into a vehement patriotic demonstration. Then came "Wee Hoose 'Mang the Heather," which Lauder related he sang to the chorus of 15,000 Scots before Arras, the remainder of twice that number who had just gone into battle. Finally came a song which Lauder said he composed after seeing the "Rainbow Division" march by one day as he sat in his automobile on a roadside. It is called, "Marching With the President From North, South, East and West." This is so spirited in tune and so fine in sentiment that it should become a popular war song.

With the applause that ensued, Lauder could restrain himself no longer and launched into his speech, largely a repetition of that delivered by him Sunday at the Coliseum. Theater audiences have listened to many patriotic addresses recently, but to none so fiery as this. Intense dramatic was his declaration that, from his first-hand knowledge of the British soldier, the Germans may bend but never will break the English line. The speech was punctuated with storms of applause.

Lauder is making his American tour for the benefit of the Harry Lauder \$5,000,000 fund for maimed Scotch soldiers and sailors. But he does not consider a charitable purpose any reason for stinting his audience of entertainment. His own part of the program was preceded by a series of acts so extraordinarily excellent that they alone would have been worth the cost of admission.

Aelaide Bell and Arnold, the most supple and original acrobatic dancers seen here in many a moon. The five Kitamuras, a Japanese troupe, work wonders of dexterity, strength and daring in an acrobatic act. Best of all are the Arnault Brothers, musical clowns. Their playing of violins without missing a note while turning somersaults might instruct Misha Elman in some new possibilities for the display of temperament. Their immensely clever imitation of the courtship of two birds, carrying on their quivers and wooing in twitterings so expressive as to be almost articulate, made the house helpless with laughter. Cleo Gascoigne, a tiny prima donna, sang pleasingly. But all that has ever been said or felt against Julian Eltinge should be retracted, in view of the efforts of Francis Renault, a female impersonator with an eerie soprano voice.

Lottie Bree & Co. will trust you for a Diamond or Watch. 22 N. 2nd St. 6th & 7th A.D.V.

Driver of Auto Exonerated. Edward Strubbe of 2034 Caroline street, driver of an automobile truck belonging to the Continental Dyeing and Cleaning Co., which struck and fatally injured Miss Johanna Conway, 60 years old, 1279 Wagner terrace at Vandeventer and Von Versen avenues, Saturday, was exonerated yesterday by a coroner's jury. A verdict of accident was returned.

WIFE AND CHILDREN MISSING

C. J. Miller Says They Started to St. Louis and Did Not Arrive. C. J. Miller, a pipe fitter of 2312 Washington avenue, has asked the authorities of several Missouri cities to search for his wife, Maud Miller, 36 years old, and their two children, who boarded a train at Joplin, March 6, on their way to St. Louis, and did not arrive. The children are Violet, 10, and Harold, 8. They had been living in Duquoin, seven miles east of Joplin. Friends told Miller they took his family to the station, and he received a telegram from his wife that they were leaving. He has heard nothing from them since.

GIRL PUPILS ANNOYED BY MAN

Hamilton School Principal Asks Police to Apprehend Him. Miss Ida M. Woody, principal at the Hamilton School, 534 Hamilton avenue, has asked the police to apprehend a man who has been annoying girl pupils of the school for several weeks. He has accosted several between the ages of 10 and 12 and asked them to carry notes to teachers and otherwise annoy them.

Two More Autos Stolen. Two automobiles reported stolen yesterday afternoon belonged to Mrs. C. Robinson of 5806 Von Versen avenue and Fred C. Joly, 5402 Geraldine avenue.

Demand the Original Package

Genuine Aspirin is sold as follows:

TABLETS in Pocket Boxes of 12 Bottles of 24 and 100 CAPSULES in Sealed Packages of 12 and 24

Every package and every tablet bears

"The Bayer Cross—Your Guarantee of Purity"

The trade-mark "Aspirin" Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. is a guarantee that the monocrystalline acid acetylsalicylic in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

For Seven Days Only

50% Off

List Price

Howe Sanitary Refrigerators

All sizes with every modern feature at prices that cannot be touched elsewhere. Don't fail to take advantage of this money and food saving opportunity.

HOWE SCALE COMPANY

109 N. FOURTH STREET. Main 2637. Central 1003.

FINE EASTER SUITS

For Men and Young Men—Actually Worth \$22.50

Handsome Wool Suits in the new Spring novelty patterns and styles—strictly hand-tailored throughout—all sizes, including stouts and slims—Wednesday at

\$16.50

OTHER BIG BARGAINS WEDNESDAY

MEN'S STYLISH \$4.00 SPRING

PANTS

Perfect-fitting Trousers in all sizes up to 36 waist—splendid cassimere and worsted fabrics—Wednesday at

\$3.00

BOYS' \$7.00 EASTER AND CONFIRMATION

SUITS

Nifty trench models in both fancy mixtures and genuine all-wool blue serge—sizes 6 to 16—Wednesday at

\$4.90

BOYS' \$10.00 EXTRA QUALITY EASTER

SUITS

Classy Suits for boys 8 to 15 in a wide selection of pretty novelty fabrics and colors—Wednesday at

\$6.90

WEIT

N. W. COR. EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON AVENUE

"BALMWORT" PLEASES MANY

Hundreds of thousands are afflicted with irregularities of the Kidneys and bladder. Thousands have found true comfort and benefit using Balmwort Kidney Tablets, sold by all druggists. Mrs. Frank Monahan, 1319 Penrose St., St. Louis, writes: "I am taking Balmwort Kidney Tablets and must say they are the finest thing on the market—and I feel I could not live if I had to be without them."—ADVERTISEMENT.

Your Prospective Customers are listed in our Catalog of 99% guaranteed Mailing Lists. It also contains vital suggestions how to advertise and will probably by mail. Counts and prices given on 6000 different national lists, covering all classes; for instance, Farmers, Booklet Makers, Play-ware Dirs., Fine Artists, etc. This valuable Reference Book free. Write for it. Strengthen Your Advertising Literature Our Advertising Counsel and Sales Promotion Service will improve both your plan and copy, thus insuring maximum results. Submit your literature for preliminary analysis and quotation—no obligation.

Ross-Gould
Mailing Lists St. Louis

ST. LOUIS DETROIT CINCINNATI KANSAS CITY

Charge purchases made Wednesday will be placed on April bills.

Kline's

606-608 WASHINGTON AV., THRU TO SIXTH



Wonderful Selling of Wash Waists

50 Different Styles!

\$1.95

Hundreds of white voile, organdie, batiste and dimity Waists—copies of high-priced, hand-made blouses—also tri-colored striped sport waists, and white linen waists with colored collars. See Window Display.

Choose Your Easter

Coat

Coats of Delhi, Burella, Velour, Poplin, Tweeds and Serges in Rookie, taupe, tans, Raspberry, Pekin and black, showing the newest developments in collars, belts and pockets. Also a number of styles in sleeveless Coats at this price.

\$19.75



Pre-Easter Sale of Hats

\$5, \$7.50, \$10

500 exquisite Easter Hats: charming one-of-a-kind styles in tailored and dress models; a becoming hat for every woman.

Smart Sport Hats

\$2.95, \$3.95, \$5

Models in pineapple straw, rough straw, Milan straw; in mushroom, rolled and straight brim styles; all popular colors.

AUTOMOBILES

MA
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T
FORD - For sale, 11
real bargain. 121
FORD TRUCK - For
light for stores.
FORD TRUCK - For
oil cheap. 2324
FORD TRUCK - For
truck. 2320 Olive.

FORD TRUCK—For
ton truck: Immediate
Boston.

FORD TRUCK—For
drive, 2000 to 3000
big bargain. 2320 Olive.

FORD TRUCK—For
generalized tires, also
big bargain. 3938 Co.

FORD TRUCKS—For
delivery; any style
pay. 411 N. 2d st.

FORD TRUCKS—For
immediate delivery
months to pay. 2320 O.

FORD TRUCK—For pa
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FORD TRUCK—For a
grocer or butcher; in

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FORD—For sale, light
express body; used 3
Central 2508. Olive 23
G. M. C. TRUCK—For
chevy, 1200 S. Broad
TRUCK—For sale; 1917
panel body; demounta
\$25; call any time, 38
TRUCK—For sale, one-t
good condition. Appl
ware Co.

Secondhand: In good condition: 1917; \$375; paid now, \$375.
RIEFLING-VIGAR
 2331 S.
TRUXTON
 FITS THEM ALL. Convert into a modern, sturdy driven truck; 1½ and 2 ton delivery.
NO-CHAIN TRUCK
 Phone Bomont 1142 - 3
AUTOMOBILES—MISC.
FORDS—For sale, several
 Auto Co., 1418 N. King's
 710. Delmar 4370.
LOCOMOBILE—Wagon

REBUILT PASSENGER
Dorris, 1915, 4-cylinder touring car
Dorris, 1916, 6-cylinder touring car
Dorris, 1917, 6-cylinder touring car
Dorris, earlier models at 1000

15 Studebaker six touring car
 17 4-cylinder Studebaker touring car
 18 Studebaker touring car
 19 Reo 5-passenger
 20 Studebaker 3-pass. coupe
 21 Dorris, with linous: body
 22 Studebaker 4; new paint
 23 Studebaker 6-cylinder touring
 24 paint
 25 4-cylinder Studebaker touring
 26 Locomobile touring; will make
 27 truck
 28 4-cylinder Studebaker 2-pass
 29 ator
 30 Studebaker 6-cylinder, demon-
 31 tor; guaranteed

above cars have all been
hauled and repainted and re
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CAR

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K Touring
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WHITE Touring
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 MOBILE Touring
 MOBILE All-Weather
 MOBILE 7-passenger
 MOBILE Coupe
 MOBILE Touring
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 SON Touring
 7-p. passenger
 MOBILE Touring
 R Touring
 ELL Touring
 ELL Roadster
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 NAL Chummy
 ND Touring

AND Touring
 AND Coupe
 Roadster
 ER Touring
 RAKER 7-passenger
 RAKER Touring
 coupelet
 FT 7-passenger
 IMP & AUTO CO. 196
ESSORIES, PARTS,
IENT—For sale, 1½-ton
 tive for Ford car; 822
 for Sales Co., 1710 OH
DIES—For sale, touring
 ups, 2320 Olive.
PIPE BODY—For sale; 1
 3024 Easton
DIES—For sale, touring
 and commercial; cheap

CK BODIES—For sale.
body taken in trade.

SSORIES—For sale. W
Denver sub-base oiler.
3.50; rear tire holder.
n. \$1; set wheels, \$4.

STORAGE TANK—F
meter by 9 feet 6 in
h long-distance Bow
ins Motor Car Co. 3

NT attachment and
on truck on market;
1900 Chestnut.

For sale, with pump
Forest 5619.

HT—Will buy your
ble condition

Co., 3216 Locust St.
-Seconds: standard
tires; selling for cash
off wrecked car at
Tire Co., 3216
-We pay highest price
of used tires; scrap
American Salvage, 1225

SALE
HIRE and
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MISSOURI MULES IN WAR AREA VIGOROUSLY OPPOSE GAS MASKS

Driver So Discovers When He Tried Them Out on His Team of Six as an Experiment.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 7 (By A. P.).—If there is anything that a Missouri mule dislikes more than a gas mask, it probably is another gas mask.

All mules and horses attached to supply and other wagons near the front have fastened to the collars of their harness little khaki bags containing a gas mask.

Only a few of the animals belonging to the American army have been in gas so far, but one driver decided that his team of mules ought to get used to wearing its mask, just as he and other soldiers had been required to do at mask drills, so he organized a drill for his team. Each of the six mules had a mask carefully fastened over his nose and then was turned out in a field to become accustomed to it.

The mules stood it for some time, then one after another they started trying to free their noses. One finally succeeded in removing the mask by lying down and rubbing his forehead over his muzzle with a motion similar to that employed by a cat washing its face. Another got his off by scraping his nose along the ground. The other four did not succeed in getting their masks off before they were caught.

Bring Your Kodak Films

to an ALOE store and be sure that everything on the film will be brought out in the picture.

The ALOE Laboratory, with its trained operators is your assurance of better developing and printing.

Kodaks and all Eastman products are sold at the Aloe stores.

Aloe's

Optical Authorities of America.
TWO STORES:
Downtown
513 Olive Street
Just East of Sixth
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Positively Effective

The Bran Food You'll Enjoy

Avoid medicines, banish constipation. Start the day with Bran-eata Biscuits—the wonderful new bran food with positive laxative effect. Nutritious—delicious—ready to eat. Try them for at least a week—judge them by the good they do.

Bran-eata BISCUITS

\$100 DOWN \$1 A WEEK

BUY YOUR EASTER SUIT ON OUR EASY TERMS. STILL IN CLOTHES FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN. OUR PRICES ARE JUST AS LOW AS ANY CLOTH STORE. Open Every Evening Until Easter.

STAR CREDIT CLOTHING CO.
713 WASHINGTON AVE.
OVER CONRAD'S GROCERY

KROGER STRIKERS ASKED FOR AID OF GROCERS

Asserted Union Move Would Help Independent Retailers, Witnesses Testify.

Employees of the Kroger Grocery Co., testifying today in the United States District Court in support of the company's application for an injunction against striking former employees, said that during the time they were members of the union before deserting it and returning to work for the company, financial assistance was solicited from independent grocers on the representation that the Kroger company would be put out of business or would be compelled to pay such wages that it could not cut prices.

At every meeting of the union, the witnesses said, speakers dwelt upon this, boasting that half of the Kroger stores had been put out of business and that in a few weeks they would all be closed.

John C. Phelan, general manager of the company's stores in St. Louis, testifying yesterday, said the strike has cost the company \$16,213 in receipts in the month it has been in progress.

For the five weeks before the strike, he testified, the stores averaged weekly receipts of \$130,145. The first week after the strike was called, ending March 2, the receipts fell to \$104,000 and the following week they fell to \$54,000. After the temporary injunction against the union was ordered the receipts picked up and in the week following they were \$70,000.

In addition to the loss in curtailed sales, Phelan testified, the company lost \$38,000 worth of perishable foodstuffs because they were forced to close a majority of their stores.

Many clerks and cashiers employed by the company were examined yesterday as witnesses for the company. They told of efforts of the union members to get them to join the organization. None testified of any violence toward them, although several said they were threatened with physical harm if they persisted in their refusal to join the strikers.

Miss Ida Ritchie, a cashier employed in a Kirkwood store, who was transferred to a West End store during the first week of the strike, said a man threatened her if she failed to join the union and she chased him from the store with a pickle fork.

Little Change in Strike Situation at Biscuit Factories.

There was little change this morning in the labor situation at large biscuit manufacturing companies where strikes have been in progress since Saturday, the managers said. At the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., Fifteenth street and Clark avenue, where 500 of the 700 employees were out yesterday, Manager Tebbelmann said some of the employees had returned to work today.

He repeated that no demands for changes in the wage scale or working conditions had been made by his employees and that he was still firm in his determination to maintain an "open shop." He said the girls working there earn from \$7.50 a week, for the young and inexperienced ones, to \$20 a week for the older and more experienced.

At the Union Biscuit Co., where about half of the employees were out yesterday, the manager said there was no change today. The National Biscuit Co. has not been affected by the strike, its manager said.

Organizer Affirms Loyalty of Garment Workers to Government.

Martin O. Seeger, general organizer of the striking garment workers, today issued a statement from the Central Trades headquarters affirming the loyalty of the strikers to the Government. He said that union employees had been unable to maintain pre-war standards of living, and that nonunion workers were receiving still smaller wages.

The statement assailed the action of the factory owners in quoting in posters part of a statement issued by the Council of National Defense. The parts quoted are misleading, the statement said. Organizers say there are 3250 workers out at 13 factories.

Five Unions in Building Trades Council Get Increases.

Members of five of eight unions affiliated with the Building Trades Council have been granted increases in wages ranging from 10 to 25 per cent. M. J. Cassidy, secretary of the Council, announced today. The three others, the iron workers, pile drivers and compressed air workers, have asked for raises which Cassidy thinks probably will be granted. The new schedule of wages for the five unions, and the time effective, follows:

Cabinet makers and machine wood workers, from 40 to 55 cents an hour, effective April 1; cement finishers, from 62½ to 75 cents, effective April 1; painters, from 62½ to 75 cents, effective March 15; riggers, from 55 to 65 cents, probably effective May 1; stone cutters, 62½ to 75 cents, April 1.

The iron workers and pile drivers have asked for an increase from 70 to 80 cents an hour, effective May 1, and the compressed air workers have requested a new scale from \$4.50 to \$7 a day to one of \$6 to \$10 a day. Asbestos workers, plumbers and composition roofers, all affiliated with the council, have been granted new wage scales by their employers. The asbestos workers received an increase from 67½ to 71½ cents an hour on Jan. 1; plumbers from 75 to 81½ cents on March 1, and roofers from 60 to 75 cents on Jan. 1.

Butler Withdraws as Adviser to Department Store Strikers.

Stephen H. Butler, business agent of the Musicians' Union, who has been acting as adviser to the striking department store employees, yesterday sent a letter to the Executive Committee of the clerks' organization withdrawing from active work in the strike.

20,000 BOOKS WANTED THIS WEEK FOR CAMP LIBRARIES

Donations May Be Placed in Red, White and Blue Boxes on Streets; All Reading Matter Acceptable.

St. Louisans are asked to contribute 20,000 books, magazines or other pieces of reading matter to the American Library Association before next Sunday, for distribution among the reading rooms maintained by that organization in the various American cantonments here and abroad.

All donations are to be deposited in receptacles, painted in the national colors, on various street corners or to the headquarters opened last week by the War Camp Community Service Board, northeast corner of Twelfth and Locust streets. Mrs. Nelson F. Cluff is in charge.

"All reading matter, from primary school books used by school children

in the lower grades to the latest novels and magazines is wanted," said Mrs. Cluff. "The primers can be used by many of our soldiers who have not attended school, and the magazines, which will be bound together at our headquarters, will make interesting reading matter for the other men."

A committee of women from the St. Louis Chapter of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense has been organized to assort the books and to bind the magazines. A room has been prepared for this work. As soon as the necessary books are obtained, the committee will undertake a campaign to get all kinds of recreation paraphernalia, including poker chips, baseballs, bats, boxing gloves and footballs.

VENUS PENCILS—17 degrees that are ideal for your every purpose.—ADY.

The "New" Women's Ready-to-Wear Store
HAROLD'S
712 WASHINGTON AV.
A Sensational "One Day" Sale of
COATS, SUITS and DRESSES
Values Up to \$29.75
Tomorrow, Wednesday at 15
The Coats Sizes for Misses & Women
\$24.75 Wool Poplin Coats
\$25.00 Fine Serge Coats
\$25.00 Mire Silk Coats
\$25.00 Silk Taffetas
The Suits Sizes for Misses & Women
\$25.00 Wool Poplin Suits
\$27.50 French Serges
\$26.50 Silk Bengalis
Dresses Sizes for Misses & Women
\$27.50 Georgette Crepes
\$29.75 Silk Taffetas
\$25.00 Crepe de Chine
\$27.50 Pussy Willow Silks
Note! There will be just 300 garments on sale tomorrow at \$15.00, and when you stop to think that they are values up to \$29.75 you will fully realize the importance of Harold's sales. Try to come here as early as you can to get one of these astounding values.

SURGICAL DRESSINGS NEEDED

Mrs. Joseph Wells Bray, chairman of the Red Cross workshop at North Medical School, Washington University, Euclid avenue and King's highway, has received a letter from the Paris distributing headquarters stating that there is a shortage there of surgical dressings and the demands are greater than the supplies received from America.

The letter says that American army officers and Red Cross officials are deeply appreciative of the work done by St. Louis women and those of the whole country. Mrs. Bray requests all women who want to aid in this work to come to the shop and assist in making the regular allotment of dressings which the Government has assigned to the workshop.

British Destroyer Sinks in Collision. LONDON, March 25 (By A. P.).—A British destroyer was sunk on March 23 in a collision, the Admiralty announced last night. One officer and one of the crew were drowned.

STRENGTH—

Bankers all agree that the strength of a financial institution depends largely upon the character of the men who direct its affairs. The directors below are successful business men, some of whom you know personally—all of whom you know by reputation.

St. Louis Union Trust Co.

Oldest Trust Company in Missouri

Fourth and Locust

DIRECTORS:

Thomas R. Akin, Pres. Laclede Steel Co.
Joseph D. Bascom, Broderick & Bascom Rope Company.
Wm. K. Birby, The Cupples Co.
August A. Busch, Pres. Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n.
Theron E. Catlin.
John T. Davis.
John D. Filley, Pres. American Mfg. Co.
S. W. Fordyce.
John Fowler.
Benjamin Gratz, Warren, Jones & Gratz.
Henry C. Haastick.
Jackson Johnson, Chairman of Board International Shoe Co.
Robert McK. Jones, Robert McK. Jones & Co.
John B. Kennard, Pres. J. Kennard & Sons Carpet Co.
W. A. Layman, Pres. Wagner Electric Manufacturing Co.
Edward Mallinckrodt, Pres. Mallinckrodt Chemical Works.
N. A. McMillan, Chairman of Board St. Louis Union Trust Co. Pres. St. Louis Union Bank.
Charles Nagel.
L. M. Rumsey.
John F. Shepley, Pres. St. Louis Union Trust Co. Vice Pres. St. Louis Union Bank.
George W. Simmons, Vice Pres. Simmons Hardware Co.
Thomas H. West, Edwards Whitaker.
Pres. Boatman's Bank.
Charles H. Whitelaw, Pres. Polar Wave Ice and Fuel Co.
*Are also Directors of the

St. Louis Union Bank

Fourth and Locust

When Considering a Banking Connection Investigate the ST. LOUIS UNION FIRST

Important! Offering of Tots' Coats

Timed Just Right for Easter

Exceptional Values
Wednesday at \$8.55



Many are samples—that partly explains the special price. Others were secured in special purchases. Together they constitute one of the best buying opportunities in many weeks. The coats are of silk poplin, taffetas and serge, in wanted colors (three as illustrated). Ages 1 to 6 years.

Pretty Little Hats to Match, \$2.85

Curious braid effects, also straw and lingerie hats—mostly pokes—adorned with ribbons and flowers. Very special Wednesday at \$2.85. Third Floor

Easter Exhibit of Women's Coats

Exceeding That of Any Previous Season in Breadth of Choice and Diversity—Three Feature Groups—



St. Louis has never witnessed such a gathering of women's and misses' coats for Easter wear as that which awaits you here. It is a showing worthy of the prestige and position of this store, emphasizing our constant endeavor to provide an UNLIMITED selection of whatever is new and fashionable.

Coats \$19.75 at ..

Every Coat is from a manufacturer—those with the sweeping, swinging lines, featuring the new blues and grays. All sizes to 44.

Coats \$39.75 at ..

Coats \$29.75 at ..

Military modes are prominent in this group—those with the sweeping, swinging lines, featuring the new blues and grays. Also wool Jersey sport models.

Highly original modes, tailored from silvertone, gabardine, serge, velour and burella; many with the new collars that roll from waistline to shoulder tip. Third Floor

Charge Purchases made balance of this month will be entered on April statements, payable in May.

War Map—Defining in exact detail the region of the present offensive. Special for 10c Main Floor, Aisle 10

Famous and Barré
Entire Block: Olive, Locust, Sixth and Seventh
We Give Cash Stamps and Redem Full Books for \$2.00 in Cash or \$1.50 in Merchandise
Largest Distributors of Merchandise of Retail in the West.

Easter Cards—Postcards and Booklets; also Favors, Place and Table Cards and Table Novelty of all sorts. Main Floor, Aisle 10

MAY, STERN & CO

Save Money on Home Furnishings

THERE are many advantages in making your selections at May-Stern's—complete assortments, durable qualities, lowest prices—and best of all, our liberal credit terms make it "easy to buy and easy to pay."

Gold-Finished Bed Outfit

Complete With Spring and Mattress



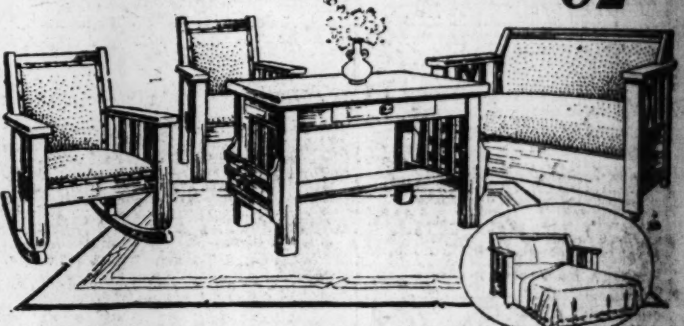
\$1.50 Cash—
\$1.50 a Month

THE greatest bed value we ever offered—the Bed is in beautiful Vernis Martin gold finish—has massive 2½-inch posts and 4½-inch caps—comes complete with good mattress and all-iron spring with woven wire top—an outfit that will please you immensely in every way..... \$19.75

See This Divan Bed Outfit

The Davenport Opens Into a Full-Size Bed

\$3 Cash---\$1 a Week \$52.50



THIS is the outfit you need in your home—it consists of Divan Bed, Arm Rocker, Armchair and Library Table, constructed of solid oak in fumed finish and upholstered in imitation Spanish leather. The Davenport opens into a full-size bed and comes complete with a set of all-metal springs, which makes it unusually restful. Entire outfit for only \$52.50—on terms of \$3.00 cash and \$1.00 a week.

Bachelor Chiffonier

\$14.75

\$1.00 Cash—
\$1.00 Monthly

THE most practical piece of furniture you could select for a man's room—it's exactly like a Chiffonier and Wardrobe all in one—thus placing everything a man needs right before him in a single piece of furniture. Well constructed—finished in golden oak—and an unusual value at \$14.75.

9x12 ft. Brussels Rugs

\$16.75

\$1.00 Cash
\$1.00 Monthly

NOTHING brightens a room so much as a new Rug—these are of good quality Brussels fabric—full 9x12 ft. size—and shown in a number of very desirable patterns and colorings—on sale this week at a price that assures you a substantial saving—\$16.75—on terms that are sure to please you.



MAY, STERN & CO.
Corner Twelfth and Olive Sts.

Olive—6600—Central Bell Kinloch

These are the Post-Dispatch Want Ad Calls. You will find them on the front cover of either phone directory should they slip your memory.

Phone Your Want

Editorial P
News Ph
Wom
TUESDAY, 1



Two of the
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The w



Four of the

Editorial Page
News Photographs
Women's Features
TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1918.

DAILY MAGAZINE

Popular Comics
Sporting News
Market Reports
TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1918.

FRANCE BESTOWS AWARDS FOR AMERICAN DEEDS OF VALOR...



Two of the American winners of the French War Cross—Sergt. William Bailey, of New York, and Sergt. Abraham Blaustein, of Brooklyn..

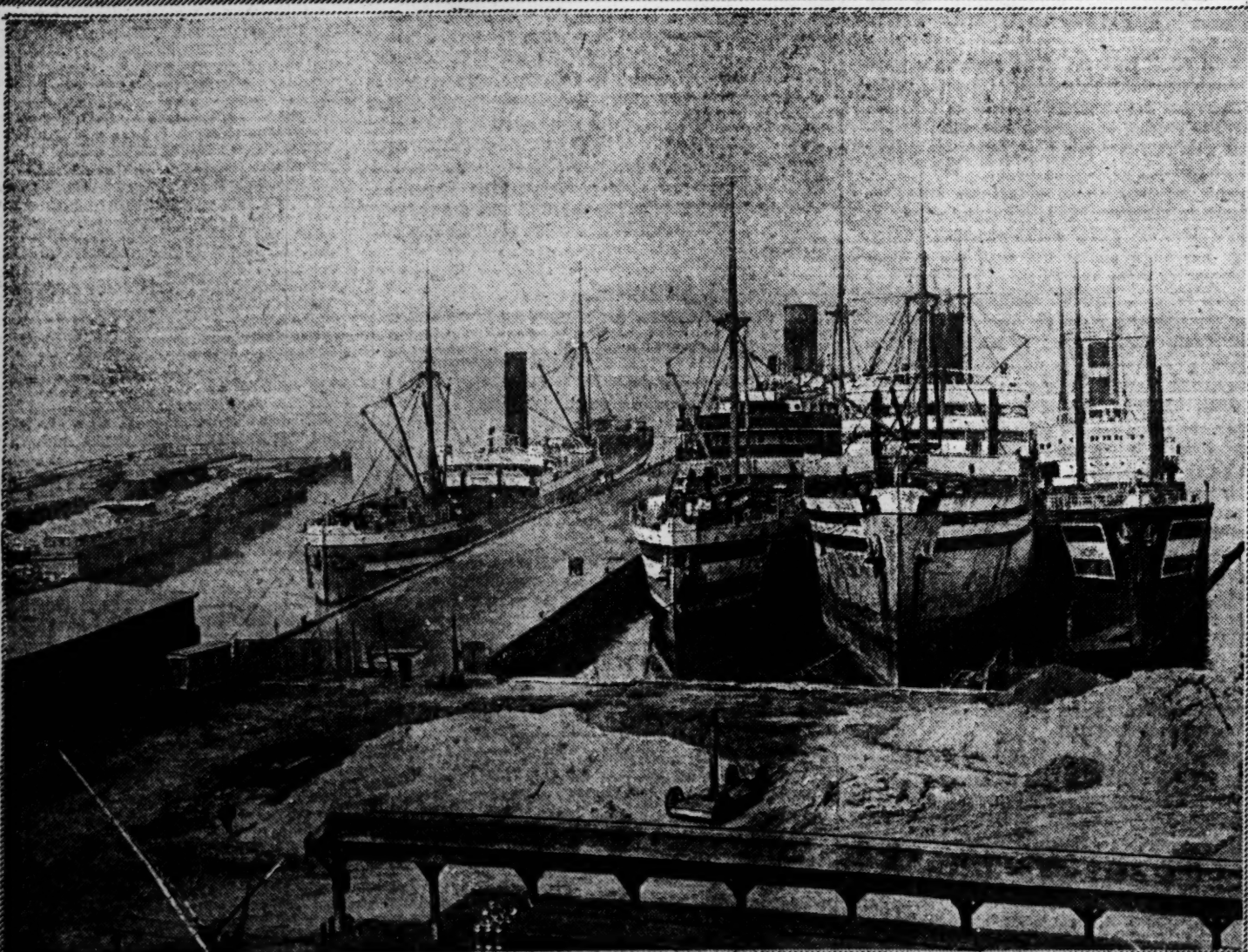
The French General Debeny is pinning the crosses on the breasts of the Americans, with members of their battalion and Premier Clemenceau, at the left, as interested spectators.



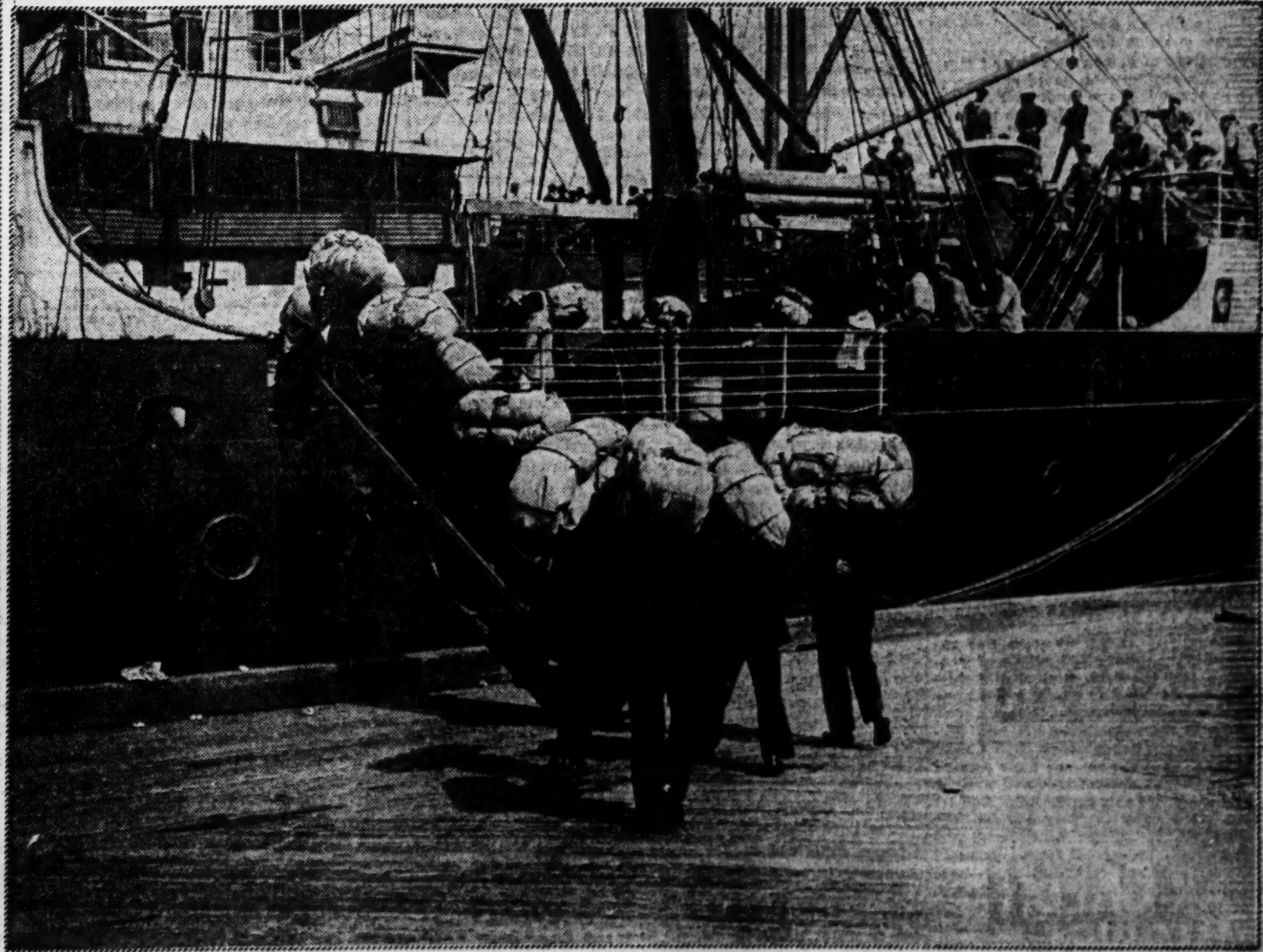
The way our boys go to the front in France. These freight cars are midgets, compared with ours, but they are better than walking. ©COM. PUB. IN.



An American Red Cross "goulash cannon" in Italy... ©INTER. FILM.



Four of the 46 Dutch ships which have been taken over by the United States. These are lying in New York. ©INTER. FILM.



No sooner were the ships commandeered than American sailors began to board them... ©INTER. FILM.

W & CO
they on
ishings

ges in making
y-Stern's—com-
qualities, lowest
liberal credit
and easy to pay."

Bed Outfit
and Mattress



.50 Cash—
.50 a Month

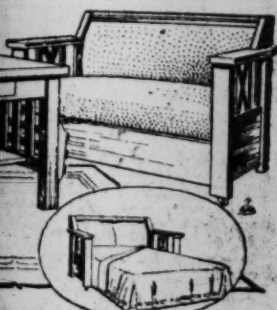
ered—the Bed is in bean-
massive 2½ inch posts and
mattress
an outfit

\$19.75

Bed Outfit

a Full-Size Bed

Week \$52.50



our home—it consists of
and Library Table, constructed
in imitation Spanish leather,
and comes complete with a set
ally restful. Entire outfit for
1.00 a week.

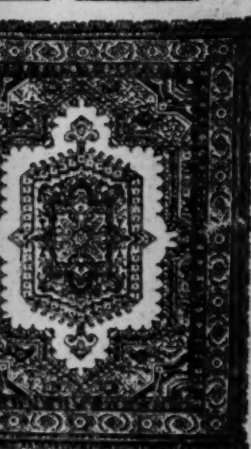
Chiffonier

\$14.75

\$1.00 Cash—
\$1.00 Monthly

THE most practical piece
of furniture you could
select for a man's room—
it's exactly like cut—a
Chiffonier and Wardrobe all
in one—thus placing every-
thing a man needs right be-
fore him in a single piece
of furniture. Well con-
structed—finished in gold-
en oak—and an unusual
value at \$14.75.

sels Rugs



RN & CO.
and Olive Sts.

Central
Kinloch

at Ad Cells. You will find
phone directory should they

r Want

Jess and Fred Have Been Offered \$135,000 by New Haven, Conn.; Heavy on the Conn.

CARDINALS BREAK CAMP THURSDAY TO START TOUR NORTH

Hendricks Will Divide Squad; First Team to Play Twice in Fort Worth.

HEAVY EXHIBITION CARD

Club Will Conclude Training Period With Four Games Against Kansas City.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 26.—A stretch of six exhibition games in as many days, four of them with a Class "AA" club, will wind up the training of the Cardinals and should put the team on edge for the series with the Browns, in the opinion of Manager Hendricks.

Beginning next Thursday night the Cardinal squad will be divided. A Yantligan team will be sent to Camp Funston to play the Kansas City (American Association) team at the army post, while Hendricks will take most of his regulars to play Saturday and Sunday games with the Fort Worth (Texas League) team at Rogers Hornsby's home.

The entire squad will meet again next Monday morning in Parsons, Kan., where the Kansas City Blues have been training. On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the Cardinal regulars will be pitted against John Gahne's club.

Should Get on Edge.

"The Kansas City club is a strong one and boasts of pitchers that should give up good work," said Hendricks today. "I am counting on these games to put us in shape for the series with the Browns. I like exhibition games for the club in the South and West where the players have been able to play almost every day of our stay down this way with a formidable team."

Donk Roberts, secretary-treasurer of the Houston Buffaloes, visited Manager Hendricks yesterday and agreed to take over several players the latter expects to turn loose. Roberts watched the Cardinals work out in their morning and afternoon games at League Park and turned over the names of several players he is willing to take.

He wants Catcher Johnny Brock but Hendricks has turned down this request. The Cardinal skipper believes he has a real find in the young Mound City batsman.

To stir up some enthusiasm in practice, Manager Hendricks has offered to give another \$15 prize to the team that wins the game between teams captained by Catchers Snyder and Brock. The prize will be staged at League Park this afternoon.

With Lee Meadows' tonsils giving him little trouble and with Bill Dook's lumbar apparently a thing of the past, these twisters are now rounding to the form that should make them dangerous in the series with the Browns.

Paulette Without Rival.

For the first time in a half dozen trips he has made with major league clubs on their training trips, Gene Paulette today is without a competitor for the first prize. He is not worried over the prospect of having the place snatched away from him. Gene is expected to get off to a real good start this season.

When still a youth, he was given a trial with the Giants. Fred Merkle was just breaking in then and won the place from the Little Rock hotel clerk. Later he topped up with the Cleveland Indians, but George Stovall was in his prime at that time and the big fellow's experience gave him the preference over Paulette. Gene tried a second time with the Indians, but again Stovall won out.

He eventually came with the Browns, but unfortunately for Paulette, George Siler was just coming into his own and he was shunted to the minors again. His excellent work with the Memphis (Southern League) club in 1916 caused him to be brought back to St. Louis. Gene was still there, but as Siler was still there, no place was found for Paulette. Branch Rickey immediately pounced on the opportunity to grab Paulette's services and he became a member of the Cardinals.

ZULU KID AND MURPHY TO APPEAR IN BOUT AT SOUTH BROADWAY CLUB

Young Zulu Kid evidently has vindicated himself with South Broadway. A. C. officials for requesting a postponement of his recent bout with Kid Regan, for the little fellow yesterday was displaying articles calling for a meeting with Jimmy Murphy at the South Side club next Tuesday night.

There probably is some surprise among local fans as to why Murphy and Zulu, but this may be explained by the fact that the two were given a substitute for Zulu against Regan last week, providing he were given a fight. The South Side officials promised him this and have made good on their promise.

The weight agreement calls for 116 pounds at 2 o'clock. Regan probably will be matched with the winner of the bout, particularly if Zulu wins.

SOUTHERN A. C. WILL HOLD AMATEUR TOURNEY

The Southern Athletic Club has announced an amateur boxing tournament to be held at April 4. Six bouts, three of them already arranged, will be scheduled. The contests will be held at the Grand Hotel Turner Hall.

What should be the feature battle is the one between George Puchta and Charlie Silver, both of them amateurs. They are lightweights. "Punch" Kaiser and Johnny Kramer were matched at 100 pounds and Will Sullivan and J. Collins at 120 pounds.

SPORT SALAD

Battle of the Doughboys.

JESS WILLARD and Fred Fulton have agreed that on July the Fourth they will proceed to give an exhibition in the ring. For glory, plus a mess of chicken feed.

The bids are coming in from everywhere. And Willard hopes to be a millionaire. For, being in the circus business, he, of course, insists upon the lion's share.

Some eighty thousand iron men or so will be Jess Willard's portion of the dough. Then from the ring the Cowboy will retire.

And to a ranch in Kansas he will go.

Fred Fulton's share will be a bagatelle. At that he will be doing fairly well.

As twenty thousand juicy buck-erines. By some would be considered pretty swell.

He'd have to plaster many years, b'gum!

Before accumulating such a sum; So, everything considered, I would say, His share will be a pretty juicy plum.

Something Like That.

THE injury received by Eddie Cicotte in an automobile accident has been diagnosed by Trainer Stephenson as a straining of the dorsal muscles. We take it that Eddie must have strained his spine.

However, it isn't as bad as it might have been. Suppose he had strained his spine-ball muscle.

The Browns have encountered so much rain down in Shreveport that they haven't been able to set the world afire.

Welcome, Kid.

The well-known Zulu Kid is among us. He is looking in the pink and can make the flyweight limit at will.

Dempsey Finishes Jerabek to Show Riley in 1 Round

Canadian Is Sent to Mat Eight Times Before He Is Finally Counted Out.

JOPLIN, Mo., March 26.—Jack Dempsey made short work of Tom Riley in a bout that was scheduled to go 12 rounds before the Southwest Athletic Club here last night. The bout lasted only a little more than 11 rounds of going the limit. Dempsey put Riley down eight times in the first round, and when he went to the mat the eighth time he remained in slumberland 15 minutes during which time two physicians worked with him to bring him back.

Dempsey waded into Riley viciously. He landed a punch in the head, each time either knocking him down against the ropes or turning him around. Riley was only once on his feet. He sent in two Dempsey's face which the heavy-weight contender received with a smile and gave a punch in return that put Riley down for the count of eight. The bout was only a period of Riley's stupor and Dempsey waiting to the mat, with Dempsey waiting for him to rise and set himself, only to go down again. Riley showed nothing but cleverness. He easily was the fastest boxer ever appeared here.

In the minds of the fans, not excepting Fred Fulton, who recently hit him around the neck in three rounds, Dempsey's speed was marvelous, his footwork pretty and his blows carrying a "kick" that was terrific.

Dempsey's weight was announced at 195, with Riley weighing 210.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE OWNERS TO MEET TODAY

NEW YORK, March 26.—Club owners and others interested in the affairs of the International Baseball League arrived here today to attend a meeting of the league tomorrow which it is expected definite action will be taken on the question of whether to start the season or suspend operations during the war. As many of the best players in the league have been disposed of to major league, and interest is reported to be lukewarm in a majority of the cities composing the circuit, the opinion is held generally that the organization will not start.

The Baltimore and Toronto managers, in their efforts to induce other cities to fill the gaps caused by resignations, have met with virtually no encouragement. Jack Dunn of Baltimore, it is said, will endeavor to form a new league. In the event that the International suspends operations.

LAST NIGHT'S FIGHTS

Joplin, Mo.—Jack Dempsey knocked out Tom Riley of Toronto in first of a scheduled 12-round bout.

Philadelphia—Low Tandler won from Eddie Wallace, 6 rounds.

New Haven, Conn.—Johnny Dundee and Willie Jackson, lightweight contenders, went 15 rounds to a draw.

Hittsburg—Young Chaney defeated Eddie Wilcox, 10 rounds.

CLEVELAND BUYS MILLER

CLEVELAND, O., March 26.—Admiral received here last night state that the Cleveland (American League) baseball club today purchased first baseman Ed Miller from the New Orleans (Southern Association) team.

SPORT SALAD

a moment's notice by shucking his winter ulster.

Fred Fulton carries a cane in his right hand. He is also said to carry a pretty healthy poke in the same mitt.

Ed Corey, a recruit pitcher for the White Sox, was the first player of the season to sustain a broken leg. Another record for the Sox!

Col. Joe Miller says there are 19 millionaires in Tulsa, Ok., and that the leading banks have \$19,000,000 on deposit. Indicating that the 19 millionaires are running a dead heat.

The flat wheel on the Page avenue line is getting flatter. The man on the sandbox got scolded this morning and had to change his seat.

Only five more days until we begin raving our day light. But we've got to spend it as fast as we save it so what boots it?

However, they say time is money. One of the principles of the time is daylight. Therefore when you save daylight you save money. Lend me five minutes, will you, Bo?

Saving Daylight.

A dollar, a dollar, a one o'clock scholar.

What has got into you?

You used to quit at three o'clock. But now you quit at two.

Jack Smith insists on being paid \$300, win, lose or draw. Hence Jack Hendricks has scratched him off his list of correspondents.

In Keeping.

WILLARD and Fulton will be the largest men who ever engaged in a battle for the title. Incidentally, they want the purse to be in keeping with the size of the contestants. The bigger the men, the bigger the purse.

In the meantime Jack Dempsey took up Fred Fulton's burden and cleaned up Tom Riley in about 40 seconds less than jig time.

Dempsey substituted for Fulton in his bout and put the Canadian out in the first round. Pretty fair for a sub. It's doubtful if Fred could have done better.

Jerabek to Show Riley in 1 Round in Bout Tonight

Meets Charlie Stapp in Revival of Professional Contests at Stag A. C.

The boxing feud between Sailor Jerabek and Charlie Stapp, which is almost as long standing as that between Jimmy Murphy and Kid Regan, will be re-opened tonight at the Stag Athletic Club. Jerabek and his rival are down to meet at 155 pounds, and the contest is booked to go eight rounds.

This is the fourth meeting between the pair and Jerabek holds two decisions, both of which were won at the South Broadway club. It is also the first card of professional bouts since the war. Jerabek is almost two years. The club is at 2314 South Jefferson avenue.

In the semifinal, Young Dundee, a protégé of Eddie Randall, will meet Casey Jones of Memphis, eight rounds at 118 pounds. A preliminary bout also will be arranged. Leonard Green will referee the show. Members must get their membership cards and admission tickets before 6 o'clock tonight.

FARNSWORTH IS HONORED

George Farnsworth, who played guard for the Central High School basketball team, during the campaign which closed last Saturday, was yesterday elected captain of next season's quintet. Farnsworth played a star game for the outfit the latter part of the campaign, though he was ineligible at the opening.

CAMP CALLED TO COLORS

MACON, Ga., March 26.—Howard Camp, one of the Yankees' most promising outfielders, was called into the army service yesterday.

Late Ball Game Advocates Lead in Post-Dispatch Vote by Wide Margin

By Two-to-One Majority Ballots Cast Thus Far Favor Beginning Local Contests at Either 4 or 4:30 P. M. Coming Season.

ACCORDING to votes thus far cast advocates of a late start for local major league baseball games, under daylight saving conditions, far outnumber those favoring an early start.

After four days of voting the count shows the 4:30 P. M. supporters leading, with the 4 o'clock fans second. Those favoring 3:30 P. M. and 3 P. M. have thus far been outvoted 2 to 1.

IF YOU have an opinion as to the proper hour, revised time, for beginning local games fill out the accompanying coupon and mail it to the Sporting Department of the Post-Dispatch.

I think local games should be begun (REVISED TIME) at

3 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 4 P. M. 4:30 P. M.

Cross out all EXCEPT the hour you favor.

Name _____

Address _____

CLUB OWNERS NOT PERMITTED TO PAY BASEBALL WAR TAX

Bureau of Internal Revenue Rules Patrons Not Proprietors Must Stand Burden.

"LADIES DAY" IS SAVED

Women Admitted on Escort's Ticket Are Declared Not Subject to Tax.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—"Ladies' day" at baseball parks will not be affected by the war tax, according to an announcement made today by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. The bureau has ruled that "the admission of a lady on a gentleman's ticket without extra charge is not taxable, because the same ticket covers both, even though an unaccompanied lady must pay the same admission as a gentleman."

Others who are exempt are baseball writers, telegraph operators, bonafide employees of the baseball associations, public officials on official business and children under 12 years of age when admitted free. The bureau's announcement explains that the exemption does not apply to newspaper critics and reporters occupying seats among the spectators, but only to those who occupy special spaces, such as press boxes.

The term "public officials" includes policemen and firemen only when in attendance in the course of their duty.

Recovered Ball Pass Not Taxed.

There will be no change in the time-honored custom of "letting in for nothing" the boy who recovers the ball after it has been knocked over the fence, the statement says.

The bureau has decided that holders of season boxes or seats must pay the tax for every game whether the seats or boxes are occupied or not. In the case of season passes, the holder "at the option of the proprietor" may pay the tax on all the admissions to which it entitles him at the time the pass is issued, or whenever it is presented on each single admission.

In announcing that the tax is to be paid by the person paying for the admission, the statement quotes the regulations to the effect that "the proprietor is not allowed to pay the tax for his patrons and no admission which is taxed under this act shall be permitted to display any sign, notice or placard to the effect that the war tax is not charged."

GREAT LAKES ELEVEN WILL CLASH HERE NOV. 4

Father Hermans, director of athletics at St. Louis University, announced yesterday that the Great Lakes Naval Training Station team would oppose the Big Nine football squad in a contest here on Nov. 4. This will be the first clash for St. Louisans to see a service eleven in action, none having been brought here last season.

Athletics at the present time are at a standstill at the Grand avenue school. Recently it was decided to have an informal baseball team, but as yet there has been no practice. The team is expected to be organized in the near future, when plans for financing the nine will be decided upon.

A banquet will be tendered the basketball team tonight. Six players, Capt. Elmer, Seymour, Cohlmeier, Herman, Eads and Cotter, will receive the honors.

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Cross out all EXCEPT the hour you favor.

Name _____

Address _____

Stand-Pat White Sox Hope to Win Flag Despite Handicap of Inferior Pitching

Chicago Fans Fear Only One Club, Boston, But Expect Rowland's Men to Defeat Red Sox Despite Lack of Nine-Inning Hurlers.

No. 6—CHICAGO WHITE SOX

By Sherman Duffy, Sports Editor Chicago Daily Journal.

CHARLES A. COMISKEY and Clarence Rowland are standing pat on their world's championship team of 1917 to repeat the trick of winning the title again this year. His regulars look good enough right now to do it. Again, there may be a few slips, such as gave Chicago fans heart disease and nervous breakdowns last summer, and the regulars may not be as sharp and secure as it was then.

The weakest sector in the team now, as it was last year, is the pitching staff. The Sox won the world's title with practically two nine-inning pitchers, one of whom was none too certain. Cicotte and Faber took the burden of the work, ably assisted by Danforth and Williams in combination. It was a peculiar situation, from a pitching standpoint. Eddie Cicotte was the truck horse. He did the real pitching whenever called to duty.

He developed a habit of becoming inexplicably wild when things were going along nicely and every now and then had to be benched. Danforth or Williams would start and Williams or Danforth would finish, neither being able to go nine rounds consistently. They doubled very effectively, but it would be more helpful if either would develop the nine-inning habit.

A SIDE from Cicotte, Faber, Danforth and Williams, the hurling staff didn't do much service. Benz was practically useless. Russel's arm was in such shape that Rowland was deprived of this star and Jim Scott showed only flashes. Lewis was a figurehead on Benz and Russell coming back. He says his arm is all right, but doctors said it wasn't, last fall and he has not had any operations as suggested.

Benz has been sick again and so the problem of making the Sox certain—that is as certain as baseball figuring ever can be—is to find a couple of new pitchers. It is natural that any team which carries the burden Cicotte did two seasons in succession. He might be a good pitcher, but he is not a Paul Musser of Des Moines is counted upon to be one of the pitching prizes of the season. This led to the Sox's trouble in the Western League and everybody in Iowa has been touting him to Rowland and Benz.

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Boston Only Team Feared.

THE other factor Rowland likes is Schellenbach. He was with the Sox for a time last spring and Clarence liked his style. He went to Milwaukee and although the figures do not show it, he did fine work. He was a good pitcher and was dropped in many times when the game was gone. The Sox are very sweet on Schell's choice. If he was in St. Louis, the expectations, the team will be thoroughly fortified with pitchers.

Rowland looks for another fight from Boston. "Ed Barrow says we have a chance," remarks Clarence. "I like to hear that kind of talk. I won't predict and these pennants they hand me in the winter I consider a jinx. Boston looks as if it would give us a fight all the way again. Detroit looks dangerous, too. If Hucker Jennings picks up a couple of effective pitchers with his heavy hitters—look out! However, I'm perfectly well satisfied with the team and ready to start where it left off. I make no predictions, but whatever club beats us will play a lot of high-class ball."

CADDOCK TO MEET OLIN

DES MOINES, Io., March 26.—Sergeant Earl Caddock of Camp Dodge, claimant to the title of the National championship, and John Olin of Finland will meet in a finish match here April 12 it was announced yesterday.

20,000 Seats Must Average \$10.

A PURSE of \$100,000, given by the ultimate promoters of the show, will mean an expenditure of not less than \$175,000 before they have finished building a stadium and shooting publicity into the air.

Farrar and Sperry Begin Title Play

Elmer Farrar, city three-cushion champion, and Thomas H. Sperry, challenger, will begin their 150-point match at Arata's parlors tonight, with the first block of 50 points will be played.

Fulton Getting Enough?

FRED FULTON is not so very badly treated in the matter of his recompense of \$20,000, win, lose or draw, for his "bit" in the coming title contest. When it is considered that Jack Johnson was thought to be unreasonable for insisting on a \$30,000 guarantee for his fight with Williams, although he was then champion, Fred may consider himself quite lucky.

PIGEONS FINISH FLIGHT

The six carrier pigeons, released in Chicago last Saturday afternoon, with messages to high officials in the city, finished their flight yesterday morning. The winning bird, owned by George W. Schmitt, completed the distance in 31 hours.

REGULARS AND ROOKIES WHO HOPE TO LAND ANOTHER FLAG FOR WHITE SOX

From Present Indications New Talent Will Have Hopeless Task in Effort to Break Into Regular Berths on Rowland's Club.

Pitchers—Veterans.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
Edward V. Cicotte	R	R	33	160	5-7	28 12
Joe Benz	R	R	32	160	5-11	5 2
David C. Danforth	R	L	28	165	6-1	11 8
Urban Faber	R	R	27	150	6-1	16 12
Melville Wolfgang	R	R	26	160	5-7	0 0
Claude Williams	L	L	25	161	5-9 1/2	17 8
Albert E. Russell	L	L	26	181	6-1	13 5

Pitchers—Recruits.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
Edward Corey	R	R	23	165	5-10 1/2	Semi-pro
C. Robertson	R	R	20	165	6-0	20 4 1/2
F. Schellenbach	R	R	20	178	6-1	0 6 1/2
Paul Musser	R	R	27	140	6	28 18 1/2

Regulars and Rookies Who Hope to Land Another Flag for White Sox

From Present Indications New Talent Will Have Hopeless Task in Effort to Break Into Regular Berths on Rowland's Club.

Pitchers—Veterans.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
Edward V. Cicotte	R	R	33	160	5-7	28 12
Joe Benz	R	R	32	160	5-11	5 2
David C. Danforth	R	L	28	165	6-1	11 8
Urban Faber	R	R	27	150	6-1	16 12
Melville Wolfgang	R	R	26	160	5-7	0 0
Claude Williams	L	L	25	161	5-9 1/2	17 8
Albert E. Russell	L	L	26	181	6-1	13 5

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F. Schellenbach	R	R	20	178	6-1	0 6 1/2
Paul Musser	R	R	27	140	6	28 18 1/2

Infielders—Veterans.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
Arnold C. Gandil	R	R	30	175	5-11	27 14
Edward T. Collins	R	R	39	140	5-7	27 14
George Weaver	R	R	30	170	5-8	28 21
Fred McMullin	R	R	25	162	5-10	23 12
Ted Jourdan	L	L	22	168	6-1	21 3
Charles Rishberg	R	R	24	170	6	30 17

Infielders—Recruits.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
F. Henry	L	L	22	170	6-1	30 20 1/2
W. P. Hargrove	R	R	23	165	5-8	20 20 1/2
H. McClelland	R	R	20	160	5-9	21 30 1/2

Outfielders—Veterans.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
John Collins	R	R	30	180	5-11	24 10
Oscar Felch	R	R	25	185	5-0	30 8 1/2
Edward Murphy	L	R	26	190	5-8	27 0 4
Harry Leibold	R	R	25	154	5-6	22 20
Joe Jackson	L	R	20	175	6	30 12

Outfielders—Recruits.

Name	Throws	Bats	Age	Wt.	Ht.	W. L.
R. C. Eldred	R	R	24	165	5-7	28 23 1/2
Bruno Haas	L	L	2			

GRAIN AND FINANCIAL MARKETS

MAY CORN									
St. Louis	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Chicago	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2
Kansas City	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2

MARCH OATS									
Chicago	91	91	90 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2

MAY OATS									
Chicago	91	91	90 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2

St. Louis	67	67 1/2	80 1/2 %	87 1/2	90 1/2	81 1/2
Chicago	85 1/2	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2	82 1/2 - 1 1/2	81 1/2

LIVESTOCK

COTTON MARKET IS HIGHER AFTER UNCERTAIN OPENING

NEW YORK, March 25.—While still somewhat nervous and irregular, the cotton market showed a generally steady tone early today, on the call for the week's

Remoted for the Post-Dispatch by the National Livestock Commission Co., National Stockyards, Ill.

[illegible]

Livestock Elsewhere

CHICAGO, March 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 32,000; tomorrow, 33,000; slow at fair shade of prices. Average build, 150 lbs. and over; light, \$7.05 to \$7.12; mixed, \$7.00 to \$7.05; heavy, \$6.95 to \$7.00. Butcher receipts, 15,000; tomorrow, 15,000; steady; native steers, \$9.60 to \$11.15; stockers \$9.40 to \$10.00; calves, \$10.00 to \$10.50. Sheep: Receipts, 10,000; tomorrow, 10,000; firm; sheep, \$11.00 to \$15.00; lambs, \$14.50 to \$15.00.

St. Louis, Mo., March 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 10,000; steady to the higher bulk, \$10.00 to \$10.50; light, \$10.00 to \$10.50; and butchers, \$10.75 to \$11.00; light, \$10.75 to \$11.00.

Cattle. Receipts, 6,000; strong; prime fed, \$12.00 to \$12.50; Western steers, \$10.00 to \$12. Southern steers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; calves, \$10.00 to \$11.00; stockers and feeders, \$8.00 to \$9.00. Sheep: Receipts, 6,000; the higher, lambs, \$15.00 to \$16.00; the lower, \$14.00 to \$15.00; ewes, \$12.50 to \$14.00; stockers and feeders, \$10.00 to \$11.00.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 10,000; heavy \$11.25 to \$12.00; medium \$10.75 to \$11.00; light \$10.25 to \$10.50; calves, \$10.00 to \$11.00; stockers and feeders, \$8.00 to \$9.00. Sheep: Receipts, 10,000; lambs, \$14.00 to \$15.00; calves, \$10.00 to \$11.00; stockers and feeders, \$8.00 to \$9.00.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 10,000; higher, \$10.75 to \$11.00; light, \$10.00 to \$10.50; and others, \$9.00 to \$10.00. Cattle: Receipts, 100; the butcher, steady, \$10.00 to \$11.00; cows and calves, \$9.00 to \$10.00.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Cotton futures: Receipts, 10,000; steady; Oct. 30.00; Dec. 26.00.

Produce Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Butter: Market, creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c. Creamery: Receipts, 42 cars; unchanged.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 26.—Butter: Market, creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Butter: Receipts, 10,000; steady; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c.

St. Louis, Mo., March 26.—Butter: Receipts, 10,000; steady; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 26.—Butter: Receipts, 10,000; steady; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 26.—Butter: Receipts, 10,000; steady; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c; creamery, 34 1/2 c; country, 34 1/2 c; lowland, 34 1/2 c.

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NEW YORK, March 26.—Butter: Receipts, 10,00

PROVISIONS

ham & Marin Grain Co., Merchants' Ex-
change, 120 Broadway, New York 10038.
Timothy hay market is steady at the
Chicago. The demand is principally for
the better grades, which are sold in
to the west. The market is firm, and
for the demand to continue like a letup in
the shipments, we should expect to be more stand-
ard, and there is a heavy demand for
ful, and there is a heavy demand for
No. 1, standard, \$2.00; No. 2, \$1.90; No. 3,
\$1.80; No. 4, \$1.70; No. 5, \$1.60; No. 6,
\$1.50; No. 7, \$1.40; No. 8, \$1.30; No. 9,
\$1.20; No. 10, \$1.10; No. 11, \$1.00; No. 12,
\$0.90; No. 13, \$0.80; No. 14, \$0.70; No. 15,
\$0.60; No. 16, \$0.50; No. 17, \$0.40; No. 18,
\$0.30; No. 19, \$0.20; No. 20, \$0.10; No. 21,
\$0.05; No. 22, \$0.02; No. 23, \$0.01; No. 24,
\$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27,
\$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30,
\$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33,
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[illegible]

FINANCIAL

to their customers and the public that at a
ockholders held Monday, March 25, 1918, the
k was changed to

States Bank of St Louis

Member Federal Reserve System

DIRECTORS

ER,
Supply Co.

EDIECK,
Dist. Co.

W. A. MELETIO,
Pres. Meletio Sea Food Co.

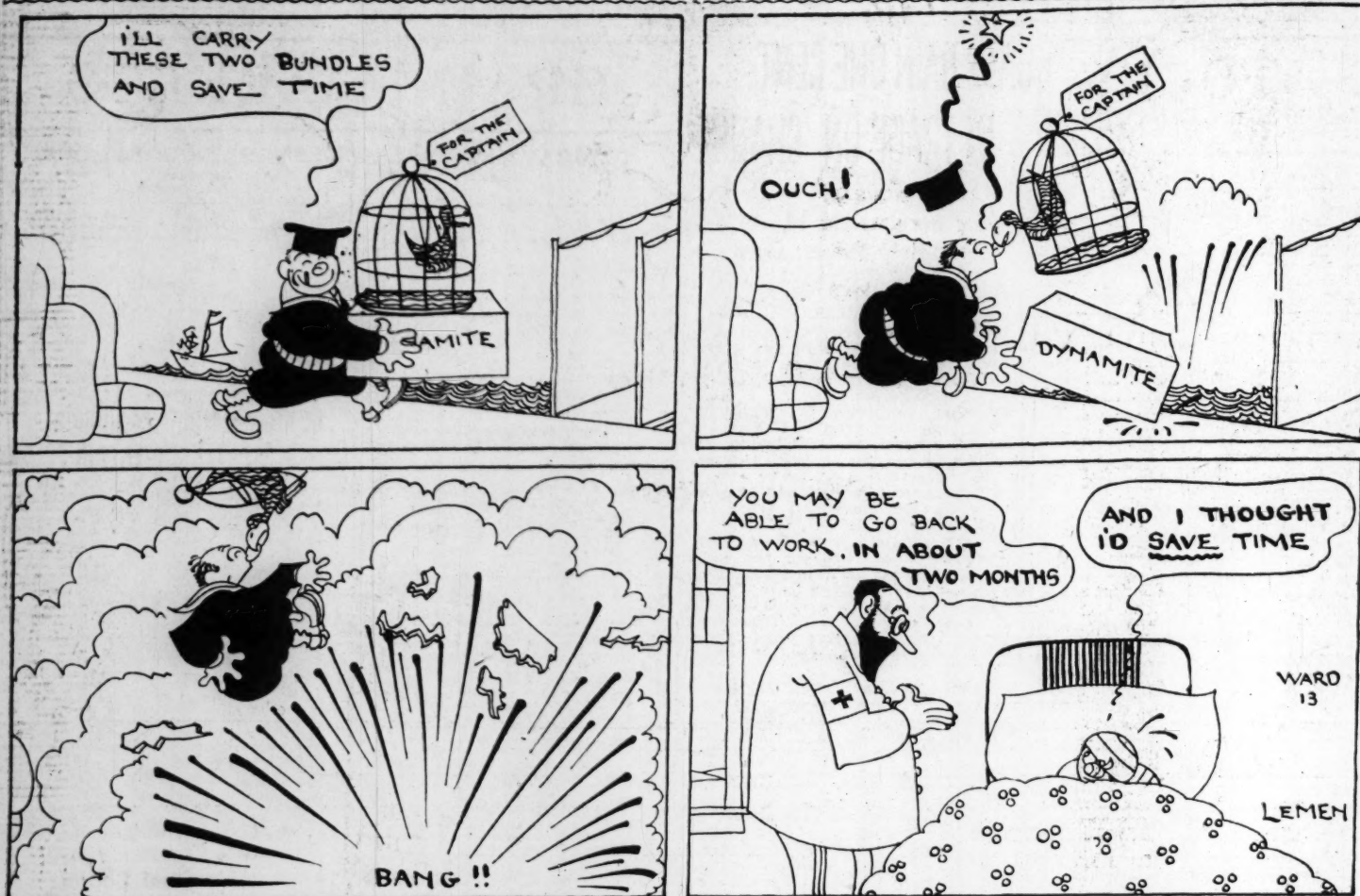
GUSTAVE W. NIEMANN,
Niemann & Weber.

SEN,
duce & Com. Co.
ERR,
y Equipment Co.
MEET,
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JAID,
nt

WM. H. NOLKER,
Pres. Commercial Electric Supply Co.
FRANK E. NULSEN,
Pres. Missouri Malleable Iron Co.
WM. PICKEL,
Pres. Pickel Marble & Granite Co.
OTTO L. TEICHMANN,
President.

VOLUNTEER VIC

By LEMEN



PENNY ANTE—Ladies' Night

By Jean K...



Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out

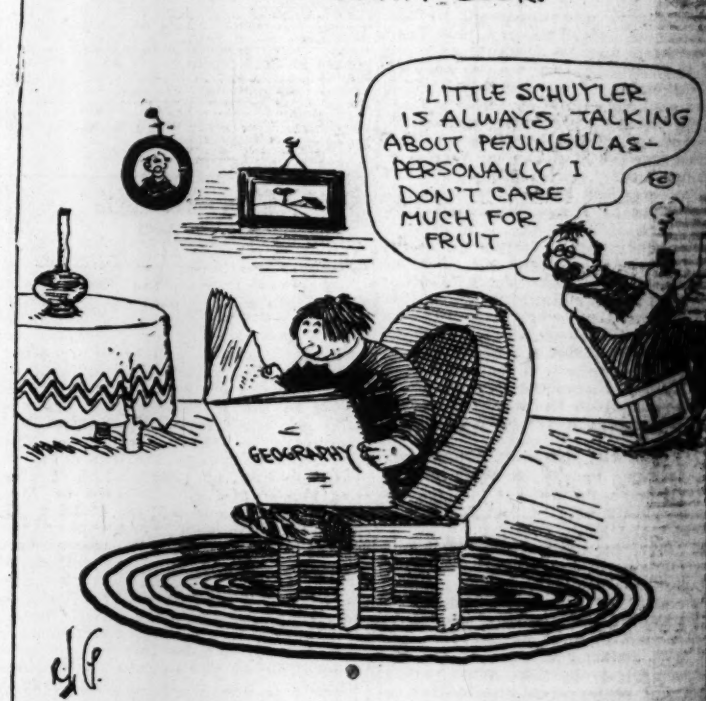


THE WEEKLY MEETING OF THE TUESDAY LADIES' CLUB—By GOLDBERG.



SLACKERS

THE KID WHO DOES HIS HOME WORK WITH A DIME NOVEL HIDDEN IN HIS GEOGRAPHY BOOK.



MUTT AND JEFF—CERTAINLY THE MAN'S ENTITLED TO HIS OWN PROPERTY.—By BUD FISHER.



"SAY, POP?"—WHAT SO USELESS AS A USELESS QUESTION.—By PAYNE.



Helps the Labor Crisis.
"So you approve of the Government's action in taking over the railroads?"
"Yes," replied Mr. Growcher. "I approve of that and prohibition for several reasons, one of them being that now a lot of people can quit lecturing on the subject and go to work."—Washington Star.

Circulation
The circulation of
Louis compared
ever before in
is also true of
ulation books open

VOL. 70. NO. 2

**ALL
Blow
2 MEETINGS
IN EFFORTS
ALL STRIKE**

Maj. W. C. Rogers
tempt on New In
From War Depa

SILENT AS T

Refuses to Say if
Been Ordered in
Continue Pre-War

The effort to settle
now pending in St. Louis
wide a future basis of
labor troubles here, du
tinuance of the war,
today by Maj. W. C. R
Ordinance Bureau of
partment.

Maj. Rogers said to
patch reporter in the a
he had received new in
telegram from the War
at midnight. Acting
instructions, he said, he
meetings for this al
with labor union offi
Machinists' Union head
Chestnut street, and o
the employers affected
at the Mercantile Club
Maj. Rogers was ask
Dispatch reporter wh
partment's instructions
to alter the basis on
been trying to bring a
ment. He has been u
strikes be settled on
maintaining former co
the open or closed sh
plan which he has bee
for several days, firm
recognized labor union
tinue to recognize the
which have not recog
would not be asked to
the war continues. At
he has urged that the
of living be fully take
by employers.

Declines to Discu
He declined to make
answer to the question
program had been ch
new orders received
said this question "hit
of the matter."
Labor leaders believ
teration which the Wa
might make in Maj. R
would be alterations in
ion labor.
Maj. Rogers said h
were issued after he l
long-distance telephon
of his superior officer
Maj. Rogers' plan,
printed in Sunday's
was approved by the
was referred by labo
cials to Samuel Gomp
of the American Fed
bor, for a reply. No
received from Gomp
union men said today.

**NECESSARY TO SHOR
PERIOD, LONDON**

LONDON, March 25
means of replacing
man-power in France
suggests it probably
necessary to shorten
training for recruits
from the younger
earlier age than heret
All physically able
jects in England, th
says, are being called
the authorities having
recent order which t
pended the summoning

GAVE LIFE TO SAV

WORCESTER, Mass.
A. P. J.—Corporal Ho
ton, formerly sportin
Worcester Gazette, wh
killed in action in F
gave his life to save h
according to a letter
Lieut. George A. Cor
ton's regiment.
Lieut. Corbin said
picked up a German
into an American tr
about to hurl it bac
ploded in his hand,
stantly. Wheaton's ho
acute, N. Y.

GERMANY TO CLOS

Dutch, Swiss and D
Be Affected. Amste
LONDON, March 25
The German-Dutch,
and German-Danish,
be closed to internat
Wednesday or Thurs
to Central News
Amsterdam.